

SN Ground Segment Sustainment Project



SGSS Customer Technical Interchange Meeting
March 19, 2015







Welcome



Customer TIM Purposes



- The SGSS Project highly values the customers it will serve. This TIM is an opportunity to share information, receive feedback and engage in candid conversation
- SGSS is committed to keeping the end user community informed about the SGSS progress, system capabilities, interfaces, test opportunities, and transition strategies
- This TIM has the following goals:
 - Update selected information provided at the last TIM
 - Inform customers of key SGSS status, milestones, events, and important dates
 - Convey high level details of the customer interfaces
 - Convey a general concept of the approach for early testing



SGSS TIM and Newsletters Website



 Customer TIM presentations and newsletters are available on the SGSS website:

http://esc.gsfc.nasa.gov/space-communications/sgss.html







Recap - 3rd Customer TIM – November 2013



- The 3rd Customer TIM was held in the Fall of 2013 and included the following topics:
 - System Verification and Validation Testing
 - Scheduling Phases
 - Customer Interfaces
 - Scheduling and Data Interfaces
 - Customer Testing
 - Pre-Deployment
 - Pre-Transition
 - NISN/SMLA Transition



Agenda



- SGSS Management Overview (T. Gitlin)
- SGSS Technical Overview (V. Thanvi)
- Interface Overview (V. Thanvi)
- Scheduling Interfaces (J.P. Chamoun)
- Data Transport Interfaces (W. Eddy)
- Early Testing (N. Loomis)
- Deployment and Transition Updates (R. Von Wolff)
- Wrap-Up



SGSS Background

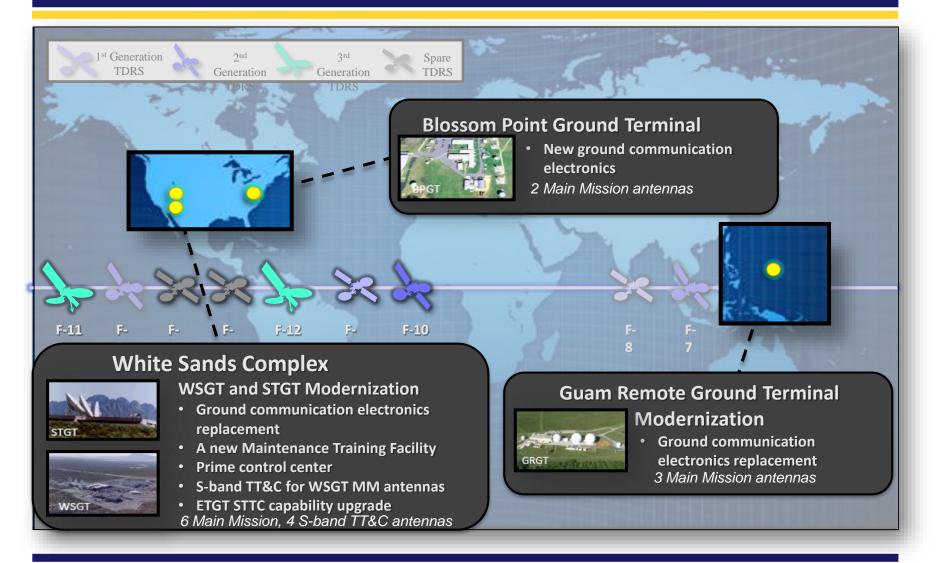


- The SGSS Project will develop and deliver a new ground system that will enable the Space Network (SN) to continue safe, reliable, and cost efficient operations for the next several decades
 - The SN, a designated national resource, provides essential communications and tracking services to NASA human exploration & scientific missions and non-NASA missions
 - The current SN ground segment, developed in the mid 1990s, is based on obsolete technologies and is becoming increasingly difficult to operate safely and reliably
 - The SN space segment is being replenished with additional TDRS spacecraft. TDRS-L was launched on January 23, 2014 and TDRS-M launch is planned for Late 2017
- SGSS will allow the SN to support an evolving customer set by:
 - Providing all of the capabilities and capacities required by current SN customer missions
 - Expanding the capabilities and capacities of the SN to support new services for new customers in the near to mid term
 - Delivering an extensible and expandable system to easily allow future modifications to implement services not yet defined
 - Enabling reductions in operations and maintenance costs



SGSS Activities Across Diverse Geographies







Current Project Status / Near-term Plan

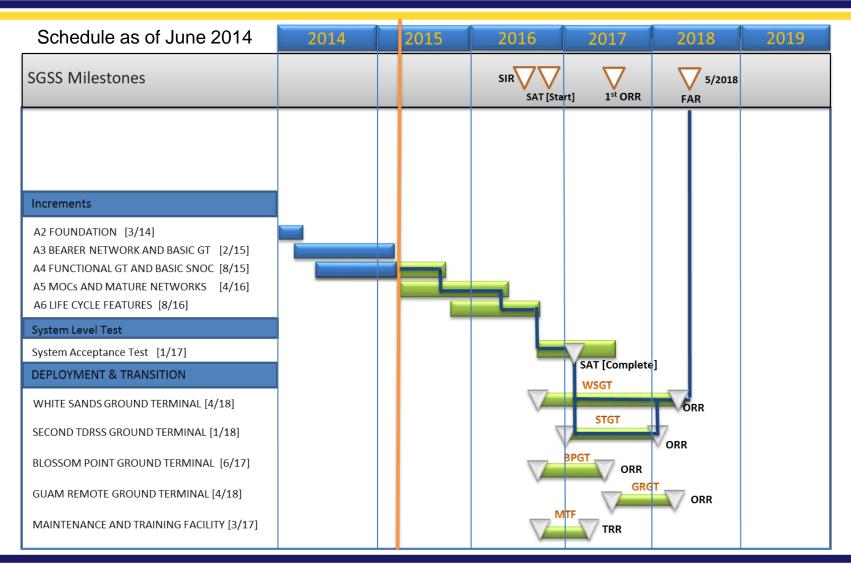


- GD submitted an Over-Target Baseline Proposal in June 2014; this triggered the need to propose submission of a revised Agency Baseline Commitment for the SGSS Project.
- SGSS Project and the SCaN Program conducted a series of reviews and presentations leading to a briefing to the Associate Administrator (AA) / Agency Program Management Council (APMC) in November 2014.
- Received authorization from the AA to continue implementing to the proposed re-plan through June 2015 at which point SGSS/SCaN must present its proposed Re-Baseline Review to the AA / APMC, including a new Joint Confidence Level (JCL) assessment.
 - GD will include detailed work package planning through at least the Initial Capability Operational Readiness Review (ORR) in its next Rolling Wave submission (due April 2015)
 - Series of SGSS Project Reviews in May / June, culminating in Re-Baseline Review with the AA / APMC.



Top Level Schedule







Agenda

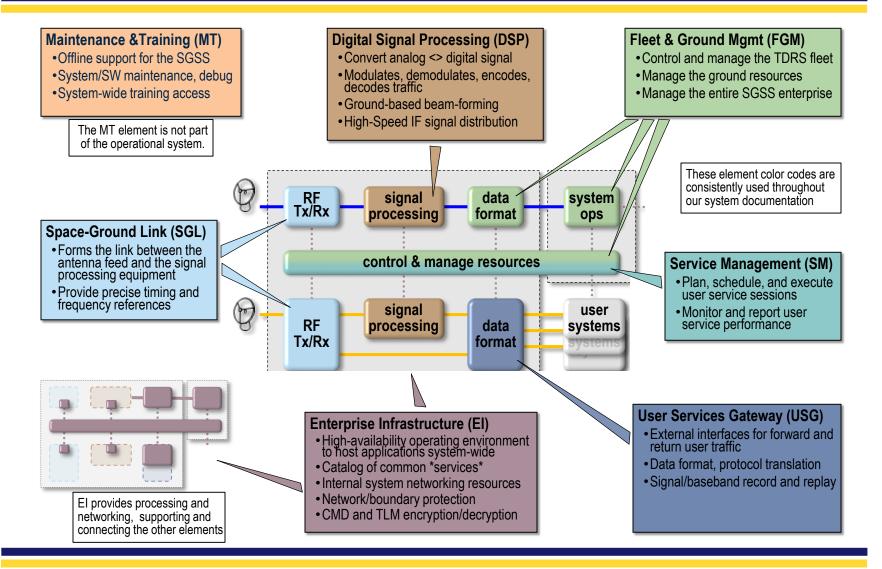


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SGSS Functional Architecture



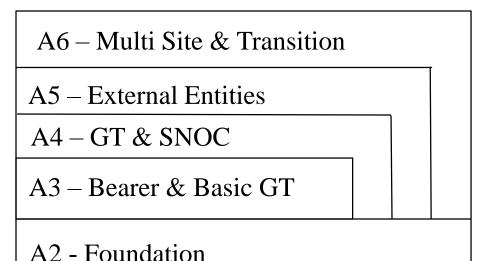




Incremental System Build-Up



- SGSS System is built up in 6 increments.
- The approach is to incrementally build the system in a manner that a set of key system functionalities are demonstrated at the completion of each increment
- Each new increment will build upon functionality demonstrated in prior increments.





SGSS Incremental Integration Objectives



	A2 Foundation L3/L4 complete: 6/27/14	A3 Bearer Network and Basic GT L4 complete: 2/27/15	A4 Functional GT and Basic SNOC L4 complete: 8/31/15	A5* MOCs and Mature Networks	A6* Life Cycle Features
Overall Theme	Element integration on EI Selective Element Integration Core functionality integration	Isolated GT with limited service execution Core Bearer Integration Limited Local Services	GT + SNOC, all local User data relay services execution exc. Dig IF Additional Local Services	External Network Integration SNOC Functional Completion User MOC Services Initial Ctrl Plane Legacy Adapters Test Services	 Multisite Services and Transition Support Feature Completion Remaining Legacy Adapters Automation
Bearer Plane	Initial RF/IF Integration	RF/IF Integration (all antenna exc. Ka & STTC) Bitstream for User & Test MACE Ku Services Recording	User Bearer Block/Frame and Test MA, SSA, Ka Services Tuned Analog IF Bearer Coherency PLOP, ASCs 2NT Forward Combining	Ka EET STTC RF/IF int. Bearer-User MOC Service Integration 2NT Info Service Digital IF IFL	
Control Plane	Initial Gen 1 T&C Transport	Tracking Data Gen 1,2,3 T&C services w/o TDRS ant. control Integrated Service Execution, MMA Signal, T&C and Ku User	BRTS Tracking Integrated Service Execution, User Info Services	User Tracking Services Integrated Service Execution, Test, User Tracking, Some User MOC Services Initial Service Recovery Gen 1,2,3 TDRS ant. control	Integrated Service Execution, Intersite and User MOC Services Service Recovery TDRS Operations complete
Manage- ment Plane	Fault Mgmt (FM) and Config Mgmt (CM) integration as test tools.	FM, CM (SNOC/GT), Log Mgt deployment FM, CM. Log integration with MEs. Initial mgmt of Sched Resources	P&S initial int. with Sched Engine and Sched Exe. Add'l FM, CM. Log integration with MEs. Add'l FGM and SM mgmt functions of Sched Resources	P&S, Sched Exe supporting E06 interfaces Add'l FM, CM. Log , SIEM, Key integration with MEs Sched Resources mgmt functions complete	Final ME integration MTF-Operational system integration
External Interfaces		E02 physical thru transport layers only E04 MACE and 650 IF E05 bitstreams E18 GPS Legacy to WSC	 E02 Full for gen 3 E04 except Dig IF E05 frame/block E19 partial 	 E01 – E05, E24 Full E06, E19 partial E07, E08, E10 (NEN, ATF, DSN) E15 (operational only, no MT) E24 full 	Full functionality all interfaces



User Services in the SGSS Management, Control and Bearer Planes



Example Functions/Behaviors										
Management	Control	Bearer	Bearer							
•Service plan and schedule •Situational Awareness •Device (ME) Commissioning •Ground fault mgmt/correlation •Performance trending •SW patch deployment	 Service initiation Service recovery Fleet commanding Fleet Telemetry processing Tracking message generation 	 Signal ADC, DAC Signal tuning, filtering Signal frequency conversion Beam forming Modulation/demodulation Protocol translation Format conversion at edge 	\int							

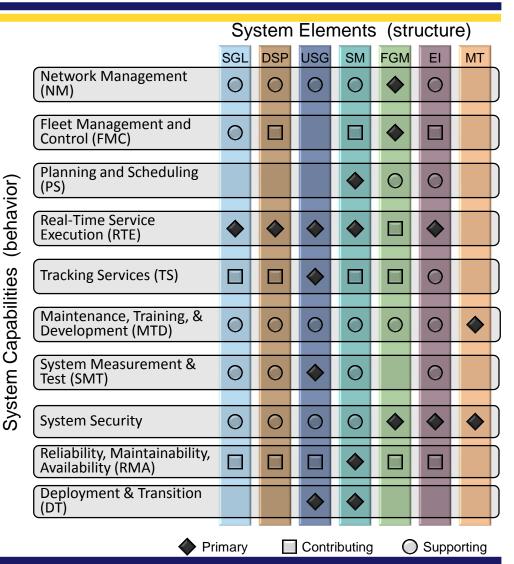
Example Information												
Management	Control	Bearer										
•Ground entity status •Aggregated schedule •Configuration data •System SW/FW •Performance data •Entity Fault data	•Service control directives •Service status •Fleet commands •Fleet telemetry •Tracking data •Autotrack measurements	•End-user traffic										



SGSS Elements and Capabilities



- Defined and iterated the buildable element structure to implement behavior
 - Directly building behavior is seldom advisable or efficient
- To assure accommodation of system capabilities, ~250 functional threads have been developed
 - Define multi-element coordinated behaviors
 - Derive element-level functional requirements and interfaces
- Focused analyses derived related non-functional requirements
 - Performance allocations
 - Security





System Functions in Increments



	A2 L3/L4 finish: 6/27/14	A3 L4 finish: 2/27/15	A4 L4 finish: 8/31/15	A5*	A6*
User Services	 Basic bearer Ku and S band Non-Digitized Analog 	Initial KuSA services All bitstream modes Digital BB, RS-422, ECL MACE	SSA and MA services All bearer block/frame modes and coherency MA beamforming Tuned Analog IF	User MOC encapsulations Legacy user services support (SNUG) NISN Digital IF Inter-facility link Record / Playback Services	Complete Services
Telemetry & Command	Basic Gen1 T&C service through DSP	 Gen 1,2,3 T&C services w/o TDRS ant. control SGSS T&C info / signaling services for legacy T&C data Command Echo via TLM¹ TDRS vectors for ground antenna angles TDRS encryption bypass 	 KSA Auto track Gen 2, 3 Intra-site S<>K Handovers User vectors for TDRS antenna angles Fleet View trending & analysis Ground Command Echo¹ 	KSA Auto track Gen 1 Complete Flight Dynamics Execute T&C schedule at SNOC External NEN (SLE only), DSN T&C Gen 1,2,3 TDRS ant. Control	 Automated station keeping Operational scripts TDRS encryption (secure enclave) External NEN (4800BB), ATF T&C
Tracking Services	Limited Radiometry	TDRS tone ranging TDRS TDM generation	BRTS 2-way Doppler and ranging	Return channel time delay Time transfer MOC 1 and 2-way Doppler and ranging Track via NEN, DSN	
System Meas. & Test	S/Ku EET RF/IF	Spectrum analysis All bitstream modes Internal and external source/sink	 PN & Tone ranging RF loops Block/Frame modes and coherency IF Loopback EET 	 Initial EET loops via SM HMI Calibration UMOC Emulation 	Complete services



System Functions in Increments (cont..)



	A2 L3/L4 finish: 6/27/14	A3 L4 finish: 2/27/15	A4 L4 finish: 8/31/15	A5*	A6*
Planning & Scheduling		Schedule Import User supplied time periods (HMI)	 TTC and User Sched. Request (HMI) Manual Scheduling (Planning, Active/Operational) Schedule promotion Scheduling Rule Sets Service Agreements and Profiles 	 Maintenance & Test Services² Schedule Request Recurrent and Splittable schedule request and scheduling Vector mgmt Planning Aids SN/CSM Proxy SN/FDF Proxy 	 Automated and Semi-Automated scheduling Primary/Secondary Vector management Priority handling Apportionment Service Accounting DAS/SNAS Proxy Calendar Planning TUT/RUT
RTE / Schedule Execution	 Initial Sched Exe TTC services HMI and recipe support Manual execute schedule at GT for TTC Services 	Manually execute schedule at GT for select Services Limited Active service control Service Status and Performance (HMI)	Schedule Execution, all local User Services exc. Dig IF Schedule Execution, GT T&C Active Service Controls, Coherency, Service Modifications	Schedule Exec. initial Test Services, User Tracking, Remote T&C Initial Service Recovery	Schedule Exec Multisite Services, Service Recovery
Maint & Training	Basic Asset Mgmt	Asset Mgmt (Maximo) Development build environment to output SRPs	Additional SRP automationMaximo Maintenance Management	MTFS and MS simulators	All remaining MT functionsDropbox within Operational System



System Functions in Increments (cont..)

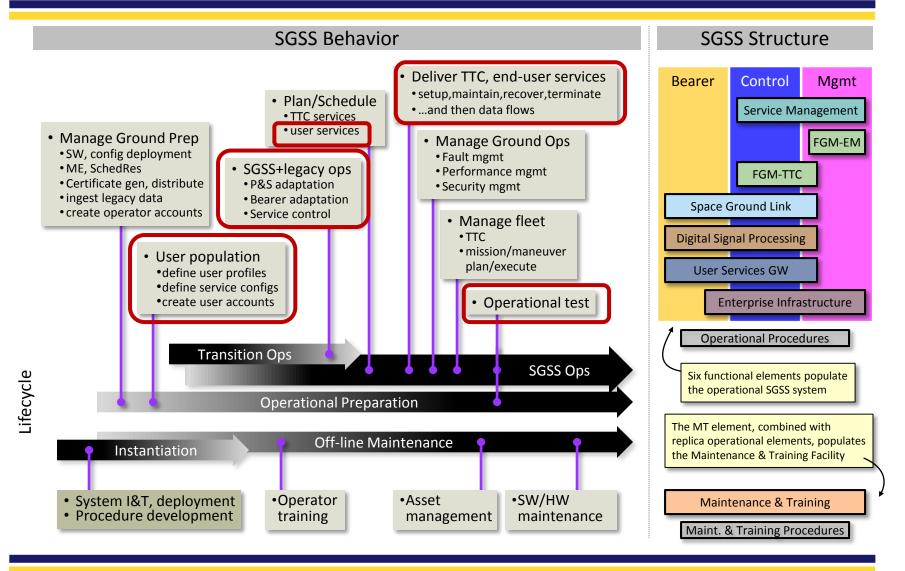


	A2 L3/L4 finish: 6/27/14	A3 L4 finish: 2/27/15	A4 L4 finish: 8/31/15	A5*	A6*
Network Mgmt / RMA	 Config and Fault Mgmt test tool A2 ME support 	 Fault, Config, Log Mgmt core integration w/ A3 MEs SW updates with HPOO, HPSA, HPNA; SW patching Commission / decommission MEs 2N Subservice via SM HMI Initial mgt of SchedRes (M-0y.2, M-04.5) 	 Fault, Config, Log Mgmt integration w/ A4 MEs Additional automation of software updates Additional failover modes Add'I SchedRes Commission/Compose (M-y.2) and Fault Mgt (CTMs/FGM-EM) SchedRes constraints (SM) 	 Fault, Config, Log Mgmt integration w/ A5 MEs FM Scripting & correlation Additional-failover modes Final SchedRes Commission/Compose (M-y.2) and Fault Mgt (CTMs) 	 Fault, Config, Log Mgmt integration w/ A6 MEs Performance Mgmt Trending and Analysis Final set of failover modes including SM controlled Service Recovery
Security	 Basic Account management Access control of workstation RHEL hardening 	 Account management Initial privilege mgmt Username/password based logon Internal GT firewalls Windows hardening Local audits 	 Laptop/Removable Media encryption Additional platform hardening AV/HIDS Initial SIEM and Key Mgt integration with MEs 	 Integrate Key Mgmt w/ MEs, incl. NOCA PIV based logon SIEM & automated audits Begin NIDs/Vulnerability Scan DMZ & NISN connection Network equipment hardening HAIPE 	MT DMZ Dropbox Complete SIEM & automated audits Complete NIDS / Vulnerability Scan *TDRS encryption moved to TLM & CMD row
Transition		Legacy analog IF supportA3 example LOPs	A4 specific LOPs	Initial legacy adapters (TBD) A5 specific LOPs	Remaining legacy adaptersA6 specific LOPs



User Services in SGSS Mission Lifecycle







Significant Accomplishments



✓ SGSS has completed the Project Life Cycle Phases A & B.

- System Requirements Review held July 2011
- System Preliminary Design Review held July 2012
- Technical System Critical Design Review held June 2013

✓ The SGSS design is mature and the system is proceeding through implementation

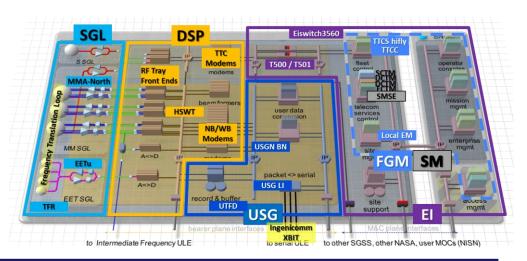
- Increment A2 has been completed
 - Completed initial bearer RF/IF integration
 - Initial TDRS Gen 1 Telemetry & Control capability
 - · Fault management and configuration management integration as test tools
- Increment A3 has been completed
 - Initial user service set-up and provision
 - Narrowband Modem Factory Acceptance Test completed
 - Demonstrated full bearer loop / A3 baseline
- Increment A4 is in process
 - First major set of software drops completed; remaining drops on schedule.
 - Level 1 3 integration in process
 - Production Equipment for STGT has been ordered and is being received/assembled.



A3 Baseline Demonstration



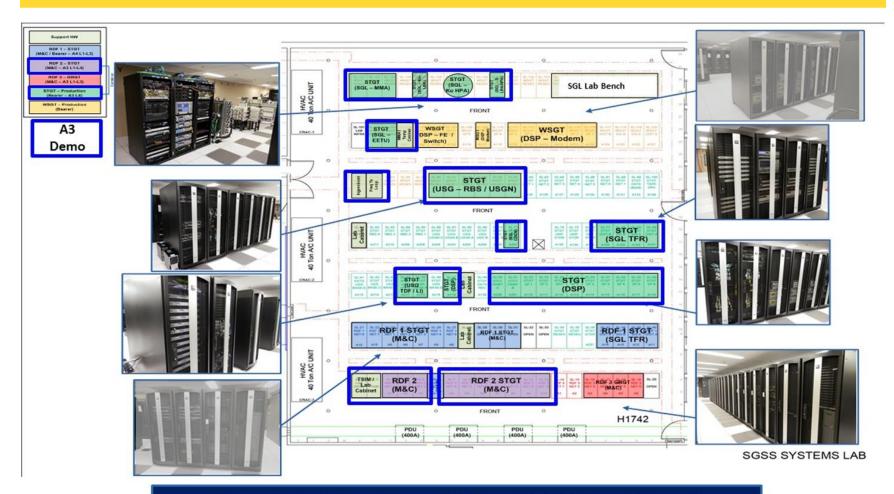
- The A3 Baseline demo developed system functions & capabilities.
- It highlighted the operation and interaction of multiple elements and the execution of end-to-end scenarios and capabilities.
- The 3 demo scenarios included:
 - K-band TTC service
 - Schedule TTC K-Band services using SM SE HMIs
 - 2. KSAF User Service (RS422):
 - USG Low Rate Bit stream LI through MMA Uplink
 - 3. Failover / Fault Recovery:
 - Observe event management





A3 Baseline Demo Equipment





Demonstration utilizes RDF2 and STGT equipment



Agenda

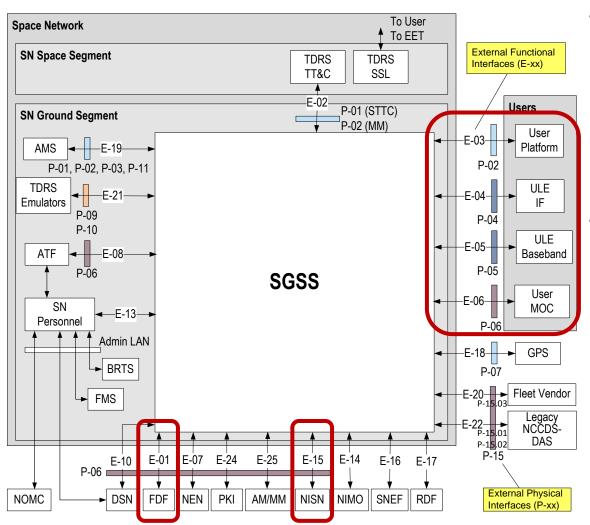


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SGSS Interfaces





- SGSS Prime Contractor (General Dynamics) continues to incrementally mature all internal and external Interface Control Documents (ICDs) to define all SGSS Interfaces.
- Key External Root ICDs include:
 - User Platform
 - ULE Intermediate Frequency (IF)
 - ULE Baseband
 - User MOC
 - NISN
 - FDF



Customer Interfaces



Service Scheduling (Service Management Element)

- Ingest user requests from legacy SN scheduling systems and new SGSS HMI
- Validate requests against approved mission and service profiles
- Develop de-conflicted schedule for use of SN space and ground resources
- Issue directives to set-up and provision services, including bearer data processing (where applicable) and ground data transport
- Process allowable, in-service configuration changes

Data Transport (User Services Gateway Element)

- Provide network for distribution of bearer data
- Protocol and data formats (legacy and new)
- Record and Buffer Service



User Services Interfaces

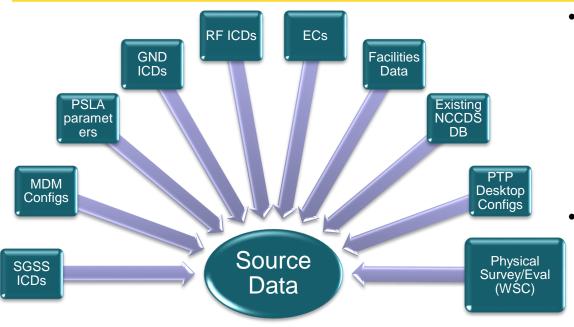


		PLOP								Interface								Payloads	
		Basebamd							IF Baseband								Baseband		
	Forward EET Return					ULE				ULE	ULE and Network					Legend			
payload / PLOP xref	PLOP 0	PLOP 1	PLOP 2 Asyn	PLOP 2 Sync	PLOP ASCP Not VRT	PLOP 0	PLOP 2 Sync	PLOP ASCP Not VRT	E-04.1	E-04.4	E-04.2	E-04.3	E-05.1	E-05.2 E-06.4	E-05.2 E-06.4	E-05.2 E-06.4	E-05.2 E-06.4	E-05.2 E-06.4	F - Forward EF - EET Forward R - Return ER - EET Return
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ag					X	X		X										F,EF,R,ER	AOS (IP)
3		X	X											F,EF		F,EF			TC
0						X	X	X						R,ER		R,ER	R		TM
88		X	X											F,EF		F,EF			Non CCSDS Fwd
8							X							R,ER		R,ER			Non CCSDS Rtn
Interfaces to				X	X									F,EF		EF	F		CADU
_		X	X											F,EF		F,EF	F		CLTU
	X			X		X	Х						F,EF,R,ER	F,EF,R,ER	F,EF,R,ER	F,EF,R,ER			Bit Stream
					Services / Antenna	Digital IF (Mbps)	Baseband (kbps) Min	Baseband (Mbps) Max	Analog Non-Digitized IF	MACE Digital VRT Pkt	Analog Tuned IF	Pk VRT Digital IF	Serial BB	PM VRT BB	Legacy UDP BB	Legacy TCP BB	SLE BB	IP BB	
			1,2		1				Х										
		MA			1	8,715				Х									
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SN Service		SSAR MAR			2	854	0.1	24			X	Х	X	X	X	X	X	X	
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										no mul	u-site								25



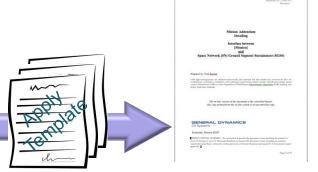
Mission-Specific Addenda Information Gathering





- Data was collected from user mission representatives, NIMO, SN, and SGSS
 - Overlaps and gaps were addressed
 - Resulting "Source Data" has received significant review
 - Templates reviewed independently
 - Source Data was used as inputs into one of 3 types of SGSS ICD templates
- Each User Addendum contains userspecific information to be used at SGSS access points (i.e., interfaces, databases).

- UIFC-port mappings
- SSC service mappings
- UIFC-SSC linkage
- · Service definitions
- · Access methods/points



User Addendum



Mission-Specific Addenda CICDs



- As presented at last Customer Forum, GD produced initial set of customer-specific addenda that addressed how appropriate portions of comprehensive External ICDs would be configured for a given mission.
- Initial Addenda Set reviewed with SGSS Project, SN, NIMO, and some customer mission SMEs.
- Key benefits of Addenda activity:
 - Gathered legacy, mission-unique configuration data (e.g., SSCs, UIFCs, TOCC updatable database table configurations, legacy USS logic, PTP desktop configurations) to support SGSS system design validation
 - Provided initial basis for mission-specific User Services data workbook to be used in developing service profiles and populating operational databases
- SGSS is leveraging the Mission Addenda to develop a set of comprehensive SN to Mission ICDs
 - NASA (i.e., SGSS and eventually the SN) will coordinate with Customer Missions, and maintain configuration control of SN to Mission ICDs
 - GD will maintain configuration control of User Services Data Workbook and master External ICDs



SGSS User Interface Types



- Current Missions are categorized by SGSS "Interface Type"
 - IF Services (supported only with User Local Equipment (ULE))
 - Analog Non-Digitized IF services
 - MACE Digital VRT Packet services
 - Analog Tuned IF New
 - Digital IF New
 - Baseband Services (all can be support with ULE or Network except for Serial –bit stream)
 - Serial
 - Packet VRT New
 - Legacy UDP current MDM users
 - Legacy TCP current WDISC/SN Gateway users
 - SLE New
 - IP MOC (IP/CCSDS) New



Tracking Services



 All SN Customers (including non-ULE MOCs) will have the new option to receive tracking data directly from the SN

- Tracking data will be available in both UTDF (legacy) and CCSDS (new) formats
 - SGSS strongly recommends using CCSDS



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Outline



Recap of last customer forum

- Compare scheduling periods: Today's Vs. SGSS
- Scheduling Interfaces
- Transition Period Scheduling Impacts

SGSS HMI Overview

- Service Profile
- Planning Aids
- Schedule Request
- Operational Schedule
- Service Execution



SGSS Service Management Status



Where we are since the last customer forum

- Closed several open items in the E-06 ICD. Working on User Mission ICD Addendum.
- Mapping legacy service configuration parameters to SGSS database.
- Completed SM HMI mockups and User reviews. Now developing of operational HMI.
- Now developing the legacy proxies that will be used to mediate legacy user requests.

Service Management Terminology

- Service Management: this functionality type is used to describe all systems and information used to create service schedules
- Control and Monitor: this functionality type is used to describe all systems and information required to configure, execute, and status User Services
- Human Machine Interfaces (HMI): this interface type provides graphical displays to input and view scheduling information.
- Machine Machine Interfaces (MMI): this interface type provide an electronic connection
 with customer scheduling systems to receive and provide scheduling information directly to
 and from the SGSS scheduling system





Scheduling Phases

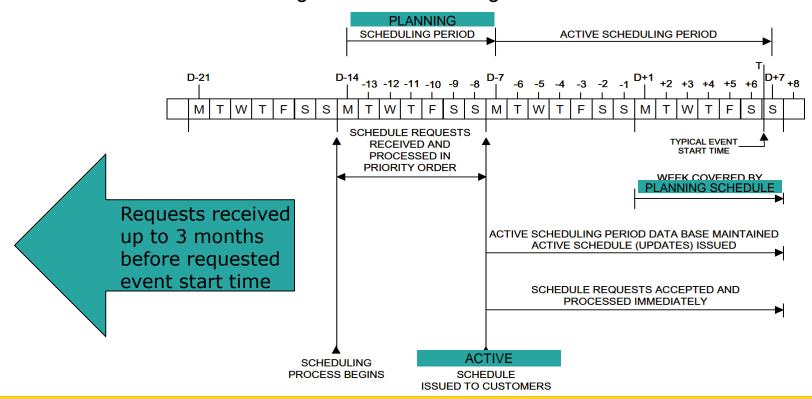
No changes from last customer forum



Scheduling Periods



- Same scheduling time periods as today
- Requests accepted 3 months in advance
- The term "Forecast" is interchangeable with "Planning"



No impact to current customer scheduling timeline





Scheduling Interfaces

Minor changes from last customer forum



SGSS Scheduling Interfaces



- SGSS continues to support existing interfaces for existing customers
 - SN/CSM

- <u>UPDATE:</u> Waitlist and Alternative Schedule Add Requests (ASAR) are not supported in SGSS. Other SGSS features will provide similar functionality
- SNAS/DAS
- MOC can continue to use their SNAS Clients
- SGSS implements new scheduling interfaces and protocols providing the customer additional flexibility for managing and controlling services and the new SGSS service features.
 - SGSS Web Portal HMI
 - CCSDS Service Management MMI
 - SGSS/CSM MMI

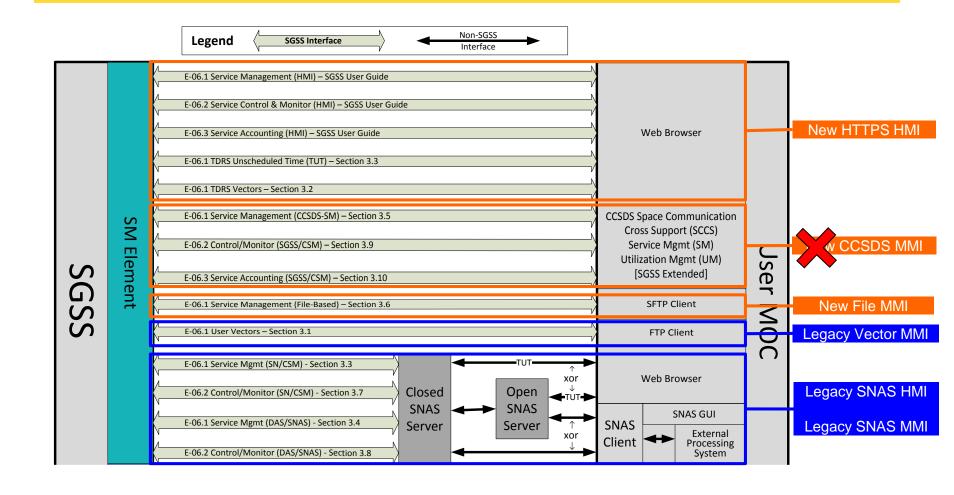
UPDATE: CCSS Service Management is not supported in SGSS. There are no current customers for this interface and standard is being revised. Design allows for a future add-on interface.

- SGSS Service Management & Control interfaces provides the following functionality to the customer:
 - User and TDRS Vector
 - Service Management
 - Service Control and Monitor
 - Service Accounting



Existing Customer Interface Support









SGSS Service Management HMI



SGSS HMI Salient Features

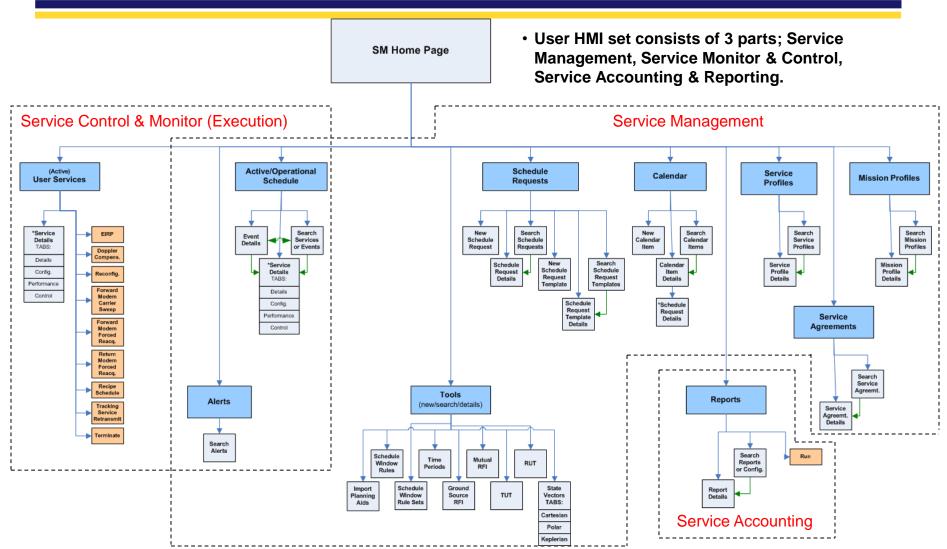


- SGSS User HMI is a thin client (web browser access).
 - Firefox, Internet Explorer, Safari, Safari (iOS), Chrome compatible.
- Provides a rich feature based set of tools that permit Users to manage their SN usage from the highest levels (Service Level Agreement, Mission & Service Profiles, etc.) down to detailed individual service level control and service reporting details.
- Design effort has focused upon content and navigation.
 - Ensure that Users have the content to assess status, make decisions, and efficiently schedule SN resources.
 - Ensure information content and controls are hierarchically arranged to maximize efficiency of use.
- Many enhanced or new features (compared w/SNAS). Some examples:
 - Calendar provides long term planning of major events and consumed resources.
 - Significant flexibility in setting up user specific scheduling constraints (e.g. movable, split-table, reoccurring, etc.)
 - Ability to pre-schedule GCMRs.
 - User can configure custom service accounting reports.
 - TUT summary display with savable search/filtered view settings.
- WSC Operators and User see nearly identical HMIs.



SGSS HMI Overview

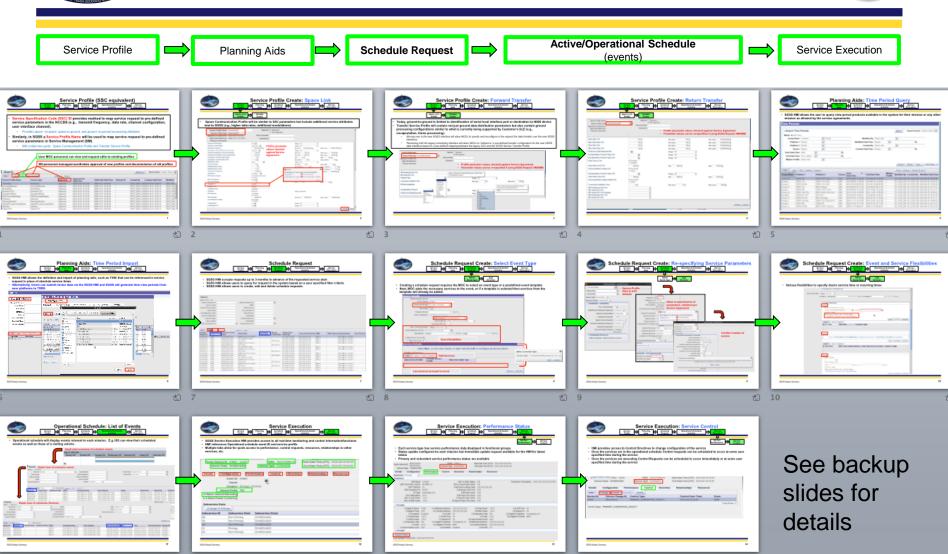






Scheduling with the SGSS HMI







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Outline



- Introduction and Overview
- Documentation Available
- Interfaces for MOCs
 - Legacy Interfaces
 - New Interfaces
- Interfaces for ULE
 - Baseband Service Interfaces
 - IF Service Interfaces
- Specific Questions:
 - Availability of Digital IF Services
 - Common UIFCs
 - Customer Interface Ports



Introduction and Overview

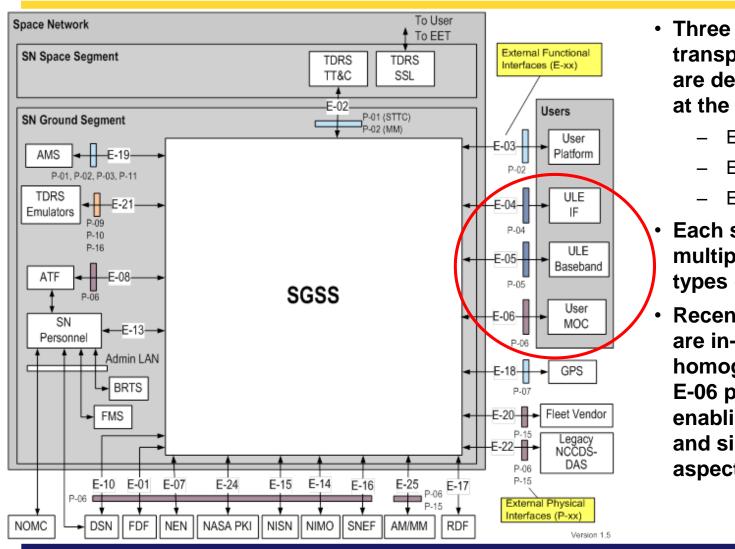


- The current legacy SN has several different types of data interface
 - Some types have multiple configuration options and parameters
- SGSS plans and design are to support all legacy real-time and playback data interface configurations that are currently in use
 - Some options or parameters that are not in use, and not desirable to maintain, are not a part of the SGSS baseline, but should not impact existing users
- SGSS is also offering additional new data interfaces beyond those available in the legacy SN
- Stored data is available for retrieval as a playback (not a file transfer)
- SGSS is working with each mission individually on ICD documentation
 - The ICDs are reviewed in conjunction with representatives from each mission
 - During this process, the detailed legacy configuration is translated into SGSSspecific configurations
 - Any new or changing needs can be discussed between projects during this process



SGSS Data Transport Interfaces





- Three SGSS data transport interfaces are defined separately at the system level:
 - E-04: ULE IF
 - E-05: ULE Baseband
 - E-06: User MOC
- Each supports multiple different types of data flows
- Recent work / changes are in-progress to homogenize E-05 and E-06 packetized flows, enabling new options and simplifying some aspects of the design



Documentation Available



1. P-04/E-04 ICD

Space Network (SN) Ground Segment Sustainment (SGSS) to User Local Equipment (ULE)
 Intermediate Frequency (IF) Interface Control Document (ICD)

2. P-05/E-05 ICD

Space Network (SN) Ground Segment Sustainment (SGSS) to User Local Equipment (ULE)
 Baseband Interface Control Document (ICD)

3. E-06 ICD

 Space Network (SN) Ground Segment Sustainment (SGSS) to User Mission Operations Center (MOC) Interface Control Document (ICD)

4. Individual user mission ICD documents are being developed as addenda to E-06

- ICD addenda process discussed at previous Customer Forum is being carried out, including inputs from all relevant sources. (see next slide)
- This is where specific configurations, options, and parameters are determined and verified within the SGSS design
- IP addresses and TCP port numbers need to be conveyed and verified by the missions in order to ensure correct SGSS security device configurations



Interfaces for MOCs – Legacy MDM

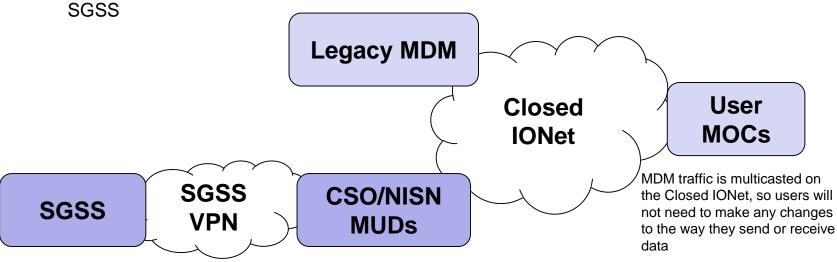


SGSS will continue to support 4800 Bit Block users on the Closed IONet

This interface will be mostly unchanged from the user perspective

Changes from legacy behavior:

- For source/destination fields in the 4800BB, 0x16 will be used, rather than legacy values of both 0x15 (WSGT) and 0x16 (STGT)
- Line Outage Recording (LOR) functionality is separately scheduled (see later slide)
- SGSS will not have machines on Closed IONet, but will utilize CSO/NISN-provided conversion devices (MUDs) to bridge between MDM customers on the Closed IONet and





Interfaces for MOCs - Legacy WDISC/DAS/SNG



Legacy WDISC, DAS, and SN Gateway Customers

- Many options currently supported in legacy WDISC and DAS (LEO-T, IPDU, etc)
 - SN Gateway also supports CCSDS SLE F_CLTU, RAF, RCF
- SGSS unifies support for all three legacy subsystems within the User Data Conversion (UDC) subsystem that handles all MOC data flows
- Options that are supported by SGSS are generally constrained to those that are either in-use by existing/planned customers in the SGSS deployment timeframe, or specific by SCaN requirements

Changes from legacy behavior:

- IPDU and LEO-T header destination field values will not be filtered by SGSS
- Outgoing connections to the MOCs will come from a pool of SGSS IP addresses at the ground terminal the service is being provided at
 - Legacy connections come from a small number of PTPs
 - Firewall rules need to accommodate connections from SGSS address pool (information provided during ICD addenda process)
- Incoming connections from the MOCs will go to IP addresses specific to the ground terminal the service is being provided at
 - Legacy connections all went to WSC



SLE Interfaces for MOCs



- CCSDS SLE ROCF New for SGSS
- CCSDS SLE Enhanced Forward CLTU (EF_CLTU)— New for SGSS
 - Per CCSDS Orange Book specification
 - Permits transport of forward data units other than CLTUs (including Transfer Frames and CADUs)
- SGSS supports the SLE book revisions that were most recent at the time of requirements definition, and will accept BIND requests for the protocol version numbers listed.

Standard	CCSDS Book Number	Book Revision	BIND "version-number"	SGSS Supported
DAF	011 1 D	2	2	yes
RAF	911.1-B	3	4	no
DCE	011 2 B	1	2	yes
RCF	911.2-B	2	4	no
DOCE	011 F B	1	1	yes
ROCF	911.5-B	2	4	no
C CITU	912.1-B	2	2	yes
F_CLTU	912.1-D	3	4	no
EF_CLTU	912.11-0	1	101	yes



IP Addressing for WDISC/DAS/SNG and new SLE Users



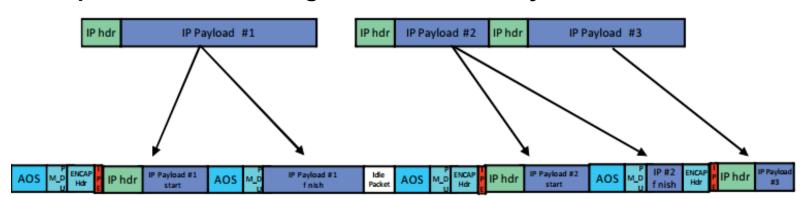
- SGSS uses new IP addresses in a different block from what the legacy systems operate within
- Connections to and from SGSS will be using the new addresses
 - During transition, some connections will be made using legacy addresses and others will be made using SGSS addresses, dependent upon the TDRS satellite / SGLT in use for the service
- Existing users that make incoming connections (e.g. for SLE) will be assigned fixed SGSS addresses to connect to at each ground terminal
- New SLE users will be provided with the address to connect to at the time of service scheduling, via scheduling messages



IP over CCSDS – New for SGSS



- SGSS includes support for Internet Protocol over CCSDS AOS space links
 - Available for forward and return services
 - CCSDS Encapsulation Packets (133.1-B-2) with the Internet Protocol Extension are used within the M_PDU zone of AOS frames
- Implemented in accordance with material in CCSDS Blue Book 702.1-B-1
- IPsec and IP-in-IP tunneling will be used across the ground network between the customer and SGSS to preclude routing issues in the terrestrial network
- First "space internetworking" service offered by SCaN



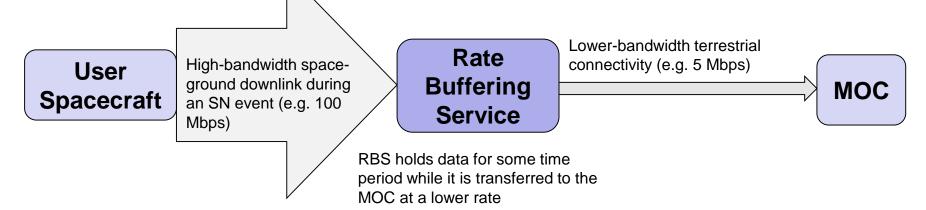


Rate Buffering – New SGSS Capability



Record and Buffering System (RBS)

- Replaces legacy Line Outage Recorder (LOR) and Return Service Data Recorder (RSDR) functionality
- Recording can be requested during service scheduling for remote MOC data flows
- Playback of data can also be requested after an event using the same transport encapsulation
- SGSS adds a new rate-buffering functionality for cases where the space link data rate is higher than the bandwidth available to the MOC
 - Data from a high-rate return link is held in the SN and trickled back to the MOC over a longer time period, at a lower terrestrial data rate
 - Enables potential to replace/remove serial ULE at WSC with their own network connections back to the MOCs





Baseband Service Interfaces for ULE



Serial Baseband

- Low-Rate (RS-422) 100 bps to 12 Mbps
- High-Rate (ECL) 10 Mbps to 300 Mbps
- On return service loss of bit-lock, SGSS behavior changes from legacy system and sends random bits, rather than all one bits
- No other interface changes visible to serial baseband users

New for SGSS - Packetized Baseband

- Supports the maximum rates of user space link services
 - Up to 1.2 Gbps user data rates (return services)
- Uses a specific type of VITA 49.0 Radio Transport (VRT) packet defined for carrying serial baseband data within UDP/IP over Ethernet
 - Contains timestamps and packet counters
 - Alternatively, E-06 interface protocols available to a remote MOC are now also planned to be available for packet ULE
- Can be 10 Gbps or 1 Gbps physical Ethernet interface depending on customer needs



VRT Packetized Baseband Format



VITA 49.0 Radio Transport (VRT)

- SGSS-tailored version of the VRT standard in order to packetize serial data
- Intended primarily for local equipment, rather than remote MOCs, but available to both
 Sent over UDP/IP no ability to correct for packet loss

Bit	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Offset																																
0		P	Т		C	Т	R	R	T:	SI	TS	SF		Р	С								Pa	cke	t Siz	:e						
32													St	rear	n Id	enti	ifier	(1 v	wor	d)												
64													С	lass	Ide	ntifi	er (2	2 w	ords	s)												
96																																
128												Inte	ger-	-sec	ond	s Tir	nes	tam	np (1	1 wc	ord)											
160		Integer-seconds Timestamp (1 word) Fractional-seconds Timestamp (2 words)																														
192																																
224	Payload																															

- Full definition is in the E-05 ICD
- Very simple format
 - Possible for customers to implement processing efficiently in software or hardware / VHDL
- Only data interface capable of maximum SGSS return data rates (1.2 Gbps)



IF Service Interfaces for ULE



Analog – Return services only

- Never digitized wideband: 1345 MHz center
- Tuned analog narrowband: 370 MHz center

TDSD

RF taps for will be retained and SN will continue to provide the service unmodified

New for SGSS - Digital IF – Return services only

- VITA 49.0 Radio Transport (VRT) packet format
- Uses UDP/IP over 10 Gbps Ethernet
- Customer equipment connects to a standard Ethernet port

New for SGSS – MACE – Return services only

- For MA users that will perform their own beamforming and other signal processing
- See next slide



MACE Service Interface



Multiple Access Channel Elements (MACE)

- Provided via VRT encapsulation over UDP/IP and Ethernet
 - Customers connect to a standard
 10 Gbps Ethernet port
- CEDB and CDB data streams

Corrected Element Data Bus (CEDB) – Contains digital IF sampling of 30 element MA channels

Common Data Broadcast (CDB) – Metadata for customer-performed beamforming

 Custom types defined within VRT / Ethernet formatting similar to Digital IF above

CEDB VRT Packet Structure

Bit offset	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
1															VR	The	ader															
2														7 wo	rds, 3	32 bi	ts pe	r wo	rd													
3	1																															
4	1																															
5																																
6	l																															
7																																
8																				anne												
9											S	amp	le Ve	ctor	1, Sa	mpl	e 2: 1	ime	1, ch	anne	12											
							I M	ISB.	LSI	3						┖						(2 M	SB.	LSI	В						
366																				hann												
367											San	ıple	Vect	or 12	2, Sa	nple	30:	ime	12, c	hanr	el 30)										

CDB VRT Packet Structure

Bit word	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	3 22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	3 12	11	1	10 5	T	3	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
1 2														_			eader																
3 4 5							TI	ne tin	ne ta	ıg refe	rs to t	he er	nd of t				its pe			l meas	nren	ıen	ıts in t	his r	nes	en oe							
6										g reic			01				meer			. meu	ui cii					- Sange							
8												В	eamf	orme	r Stat	tus I	nfo M	SB		LSB													
9																	iance		ix														
														30	x 30	x 2:	x 1 we	rds															
1808																																	
1809														(alibr	ratio	n Vec	tor															
1868															30 x	2 x 1	l word	ls															
1869															No	ise V	ector																
															30	x 1 v	vords																
1898																																	
1899	0	0														Ele	ment	statu	s														
1900							TDRS	ID	MS	BL	В						0	0	0	0	0	Т	0 ()	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1901															Arra	y Ge	omet	ry	_	•	•	_									•	•	•
																	l word																
1990																																	
1991 1992															Retu	ırn Z	ero S	et															

Individual fields are described in detail in E-04 ICD



Availability of Digital IF Services



- The ULE Network includes a pair of Cisco 5596UP Ethernet switches (A-side and B-side), at each ground terminal (WSGT, STGT, BPGT, GRGT) that support all packetized ULE interfaces
 - The switches each have 48 fixed / built-in ports, and can be expanded with additional modules to 96 ports
 - Ports can be populated with 10 Gbps or 1 Gbps SFP+ modules
- The ports are connected to:
 - Customer ULE requiring:
 - Digital IF
 - MACE
 - Packetized Baseband
 - NTP
 - SGSS systems supporting the service flows
- Port needs for Digital IF should be included in the customer addenda



Other Specific Questions



Common UIFCs

- Some legacy UIFCs are common to ports at both STGT and WSGT or GRGT
 - Enables fewer SSCs to be managed by the user
- The legacy SN sends the SHO to the proper GT for the TDRS that has been scheduled, and the port at that GT is used for subsequent data flow
- SGSS will operate similarly in selecting a transfer service profile for a scheduled event
 - Data will NOT be delivered to multiple serial ports simultaneously in this case

Customer Interface Ports for ULE

- There are two sources of ULE port count data for SGSS:
 - User mission ICDs/addenda documents
 - Include both new and legacy port types
 - SN port workbook
 - Maintained by SN based on actual connections
 - Includes only legacy port types
- SGSS serial interfaces are conversion cards, and not simply ports on a crossbar switch
 - Port counts reflect the number of in-service conversion cards simultaneously in the system



Agenda



- SGSS Management Overview (T. Gitlin)
- SGSS Technical Overview (V. Thanvi)
- Interface Overview (V. Thanvi)
- Scheduling Interfaces (J.P. Chamoun)
- Data Transport Interfaces (W. Eddy)
- Early Testing (N. Loomis)
- Deployment and Transition Updates (R. Von Wolff)
- Wrap-Up



Early Testing Overview



 SGSS is undertaking an Early Test effort to evaluate SGSS interfaces with external entities prior to deployment to WSC

· Goals:

- Mitigate risk to L5/L6 Testing from WSC
- Establish interfaces to facilitate early identification of mismatches on the structure and/or in processing of data
- Increase confidence in success of migration from current SNGS to SGSS interfaces

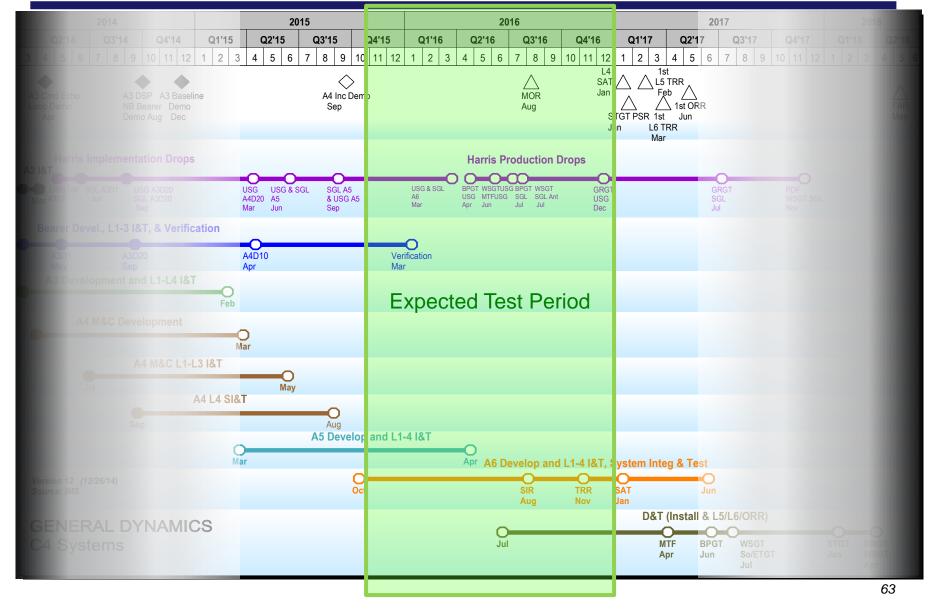
Basics:

- Incremental testing aligning with GD development activities over 9month period starting October, 2015
 - Targeting 3 3-month intervals starting in October, 2015
 - A4/A5/A6
- Connectivity would be to GD lab facility in Scottsdale, AZ
 - Connection into NASA's Network facilitated by CSO



Early Test Period (Calendar Year)

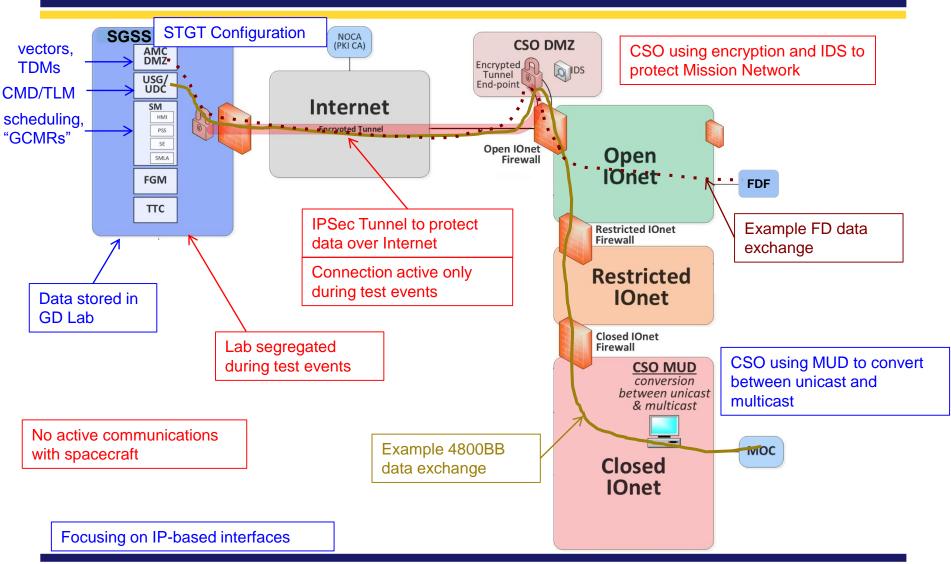






GD Lab Connection To NASA's Network







Roles (1)



General Dynamics Leading Test Planning Efforts

- Identifying functionality and timeframe for testing
- Identify test criteria and scope
- Creating test planning documents and test procedures
- Reviewing, updating documentation based on Early Test activities
- Executing test events

SGSS Project Facilitating Coordination

- Coordinating among GD, CSO, SN, Endpoints for planning and execution
- Reviewing Operational and Test information for Early Test activities
- · Prioritizing mission-inclusion, needs, etc
- Constructing FW rules, etc
- Serve as <u>Test Director</u> for coordinating and conducting test events

· CSO

- MOU between SGSS and CSO for Early Testing
- Waivers for subset of testing data flows (e.g., possible IP on Closed IONet)
 - SGSS Project is working with NISN to provide waivers
- IPSEC tunnel and testing



Roles (2)



· SN

- Super-endpoint + partner
- Review Early Test information, critique and work to improve data/plans
- Provide data with permission of missions
- Act as endpoint/proxy

Endpoints (e.g., missions, FDF, etc.)** – Final Determination

- Will they participate?
- To what extent will they participate (e.g., interface(s), active/passive involvement)?
- What data is used?

Participant: FDF

Participation Type: Active participation

Interface(s): SFTP, HTTPS

Data: IIRV, TOE, TLE, Maneuver Messages

^{**} Note: For missions, this includes NIMO which is facilitating discussions and providing input on plans/processes



Interface/Functional Test Schedule



• July, 2015

Start Connectivity (Scottsdale/NASA) testing

• Oct-Dec, 2015

- FDF: Bi-directional Maneuver messages, vector data (to SGSS)
- NEN: TDMs (to SGSS), vector data (from SGSS)
- DSN: TDMs (to SGSS), vector data (from SGSS)

• Jan-Jun, 2016

- CMD/TLM
- User vectors
- Scheduling
- TDMs to FDF

ID -	Ext. End =	Eln -	Information -	-	Physical -	Propose *
E-01	FDF	SM	Ephemeris and Maneuver Messaging	E-01.1	P-06.01	Post A4
-		SM	TDRS Vectors (Message Based)			
1		SM	User Vectors (Message Based)	1		
1		SM	TDRS Vectors (File Based)	1		
1		SM	TDRS Vectors (Web Portal HMI)]		
		SM	User Vectors (Web Portal HMI)]		
		SM	BRTS Schedule Requests & Status (Web Portal HMI)]		
		SM	TDRS Maneuver Messages]	
$\overline{}$		USG	Tracking Data Messages (TDM for some Users and TDRS)	E-01.2		Post A5
E-03	User	USG	User non-CCSDS data physically carried through TDRS and SGSS.	E-03.1	P-02.01	$\overline{}$
	Platforms	USG	User CCSDS data physically carried through TDRS and SGSS.	E-03.2]	\sim
		DSP	User lower level signal data - waveform modulation, sync and channel	E-03.3	1	$ \wedge $
			coding, and PN ranging.			
E-06	User MOC	SM	User Service Management	E-06.1	P-06.01	Post A6
		SM	User Service Management (Web Portal HMI)]	P-15.01	Post A6
		SM	User Schedule Requests & Status		P-06.03	Post A6
1		SM	User Planning Aids	1	P-15.02	Post A6
1		SM	TDRS Vectors	1		Post A6
1		SM	User Vectors	1		Post A6
		SM	User Profiles & Modification]		Post A6
		SM	User Service Management (SN/CSM)]		Post A6
		SM	User Schedule Requests & Status]		Post A6
		SM	User Planning Alds	1		Post A6
		SM	User Vectors	1		Post A6
		SM	User Service Management (DAS/SNAS) User Schedule Requests & Status	4		Post A6 Post A6
		SM	User Schedule Requests & Status User Planning Aids	1		Post A6
-		SM	User Planning Alds User Vectors	1		Post A6
1		SM	User Vectors for S/C not supported by FDF (FTP)	ł		Post A6
1		SM	TDRS Elements (HTTP)	1		Post A6
		SM	User Service Out-of-Band Control & Monitor	E-06.2	1	Post A6
1		SM	User Service Control & Monitor (Web Portal HMI)			Post A6
1		SM	User Out-of-Band Control & Status	1		Post A6
1		SM	User Performance Data	1		Post A6
1		SM	User Service Control & Monitor (SN/CSM)	1		Post A6
1		SM	User Out-of-Band Control & Status	1		Post A6
		SM	User Performance Data			Post A6
		SM	User Service Control & Monitor (DAS/SNAS)]		Post A6
		SM	User Out-of-Band Control & Status]		Post A6
		SM	User Performance Data]	Post A6



Early Testing – Security Status



- Briefed CSO on security plans for early testing on 2/6
 - CSO's only concern was with troubleshooting the IPSec tunnel
 - Several waivers will be needed for exceptions to CSO policy
 - CSO and SGSS to draft an MOU to cover security controls, and operational issues
 - No impediments to moving forward
- Because we are using CSO IP address space, we will acquire Authorization to Test (ATT) based upon
 - Existing security documentation for the system
 - White Paper that includes lab security controls
 - Existing Plan of Action and Milestones tied to SGSS development plan
 - MOU between CSO and SGSS
 - CSO security waivers
 - Approval by System Owner: Roger Clason



Security Controls



· Prior to connection:

- Provide detailed network diagram for lab connection
- Register all IP addresses with CSO
- Credentialed scan prior to connection and will mitigate risks
- Security incident reporting to SOC
- Establish position of test director to coordinate and control test activities

Current plan uses encrypted tunnel (ssl, IPsec) over Internet

- Protects confidentiality and integrity of data
- Minimizes cost and schedule impacts
- Expect to terminate encrypted tunnel in CSO managed DMZ
- Expect CSO IDS

No data flows between SGSS and IOnet outside announced tests

- GD Lab connection to NASA only enabled during test periods, else disabled
- No actual communications with satellites will occur
 - Testing will be performed using Lab components



Security Controls (cont)



Initial security controls at start include:

- Sufficient physical controls covering building, perimeter, and lab access
- Sufficient personnel controls covering background checks, clearance, and policies
- Initial access controls including Account passwords, warning banners, & unsuccessful login attempt lockout
- Initial auditing controls including audit storage capacity alarms, and reporting of security events to the SIEM for key system components
- Initial configuration management controls including automated enforcement of access restrictions, and hardening of database/app servers, virtual servers, and domain controllers
- Initial implementation of Anti-Virus and Host Intrusion Detection (HIDS) tools
- Initial configuration of switch, router, firewall, and load balancer devices
- Encryption of removable media, and full-disk encryption of Laptops
- Implementation of IPSec tunnel for internal connection between GD Lab and CSO



Mapping Missions for Early Testing



- Maps missions to interface(s) and unique characteristics
- Used for interface coverage evaluation and mission discussions
- Based on E-06 addenda

								1	_
Mission/endpoint	Interfaces								
			Scheduling						
	SNAS	DAS/SNAS	Direct (non-		HMI		TCP - TM/LEG	TCP-AOS/LEC	TCP
ULA	x			HMI not	included as acco	X			
Van Allen Probe	x								
NEO WISE	x						x	x	
Landsat-8	x						x	x	
LDBP									
AIM	x						x	x	
AQUA			x						
Aura			x						
Cygnus	x					x			
Dragon	x					x			
Glast (Fermi)	x	X						X	
GPM	x								X
HST	x					X			
HTV	x					x			
LSAT-7	x								X
Minotaur	x					x			
MMS	x						x	x	
NuSTAR	x						X	X	
SeaLaunch	x					x			
SORCE	x						x	x	
SPTR-2	x								
SWIFT	x	X						x	
TERRA			x						
THEMIS	x						x	x	
TIMED	x						x		
OCO-2									
JWST									
ISS									
MTRS and SMAP									
BRTS/SN									
JPSS (preliminary)	×								
CAN Testbed									



Early Testing POCs



	Role	Phone	Email
Jim Clapsadle	SGSS I&T Lead	301-286-5111	James.E.Clapsadle@nasa.gov
Nicole Loomis	Early Test Lead	301-286-5428	nicole.loomis@nasa.gov



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D&T Updates Since The Last Customer Forum



SGSS Removal of the Local Backup SNOC

SGSS Delivery to WSGT as the first location

- Early Delivery WSGT South Antenna Install Begins 6/2016
- Dry Runs Begin 11/2016
- SW Update (M&C/Bearer) projected for 1/2017
- Formal L5 L6 Testing Begins 2/2017
- Training Windows begin 1/2017 and run through 1/2018

Key Dates

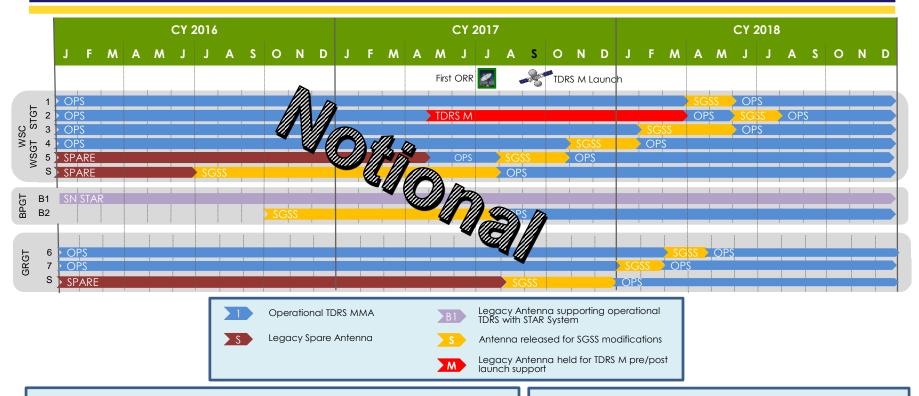
- MOR 8/2016
- First TRR 2/2017
- Initial ORR (WSGT 1 MMA, 2 EET ants, MTF, 1 STTC at ETGT) 7/2017
- TDRS M Launch 11/2017



2016 - 2018 WSC Deployment Schedule



Notional plan with a Sept 2017 TDRS M Launch



Goals

- Maintain TDRS-M on STGT SGLT-2
 - Maintain identical configuration used for TDRS K&L while training new launch crew
- BPGT-2 remains dedicated as 12° TDRS backup
 - Ensures services for BPGT customer and avoids transition to DSN/Madrid in the event of BPGT 1 failure

Constraints

- SN needs 4 operational MMAs -
 - 2 for Atlantic Region & 2 for Pacific Region
- SGSS needs 2 antennas concurrently -
 - 1 for installation and 1 for testing
- TDRSS M needs 1 antenna -
 - 4 months for pre launch and 6 months for post launch



Customer Transition and Validation Management (CTVM)



CTVM (Non-SPM, Dave Miller/SPM, Andrew Ortner)

- The CTVM will serve as SGSS POC for all SPM and non-SPM Space Network customers
- The CTVM will develop a SGSS/Customer ICD for each SN customer
 - The CTVM will be book manager for the set of ICDs
 - First Draft ICD for SGSS has been developed and is now under internal SGSS review
- Serves as primary interface for transition addendums- Interface Specific MO-01 Transition Plan(s)

Set of SGSS/Customer ICDs

- Each ICD document will introduce customer to SGSS implementation from the perspective of their specific mission
- Each ICD will describe SGSS architecture elements to customer starting with legacy WSC architecture terms the customer now uses
 - For example: "DIS" changes to "USG", "NCCDS" changes to "SM", etc
- Each ICD will state changes/impacts to the individual customer in the SGSS era
 - Transition will be mostly transparent from customer perspective except for items like IP and FTP addressing/targets that ICD will document
 - Current legacy SSCs and legacy Scheduling systems can still be used with SGSS
- Each ICD will capture any legacy "undocumented" HW/Network behaviors for each customer
- As SGSS/Customer ICD Book Manager and SGSS POC for customers, the SGSS CTVM will contact each customer for ICD input/review support during development of ICDs during 2015



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Wrap-Up



- Targeting 1st Quarter 2016 for the next Customer TIM
- Please take a moment to provide feedback on this Customer TIM and complete our upcoming survey

Discipline	Contact	Phone
Customer Interfaces	Vir Thanvi – vir.thanvi@nasa.gov	301-286-2164
	Tim Bensch – timothy.a.bensch@nasa.gov	301-286-8882
Early Testing	Jim Clapsadle – james.e.clapsadle@nasa.gov	301-286-5111
	Nicole Loomis – nicole.loomis@nasa.gov	201-286-5428
Deployment and Transition	Richard Von Wolff – richard.l.vonwolff@nasa.gov	575-527-7036
	Gus Cuellar – augustine.cuellar@nasa.gov	575-527-7276

Thanks !!





Backup

(For Scheduling Interfaces)



SGSS HMI Overview

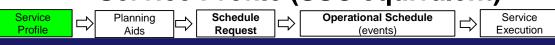


- Same overall scheduling process as used with the legacy system
- SGSS implements new scheduling interfaces and protocols providing the customer additional flexibility for managing and controlling services and the new SGSS service features.
 - SGSS https Web Portal HMI
 - SGSS https MMI
 - Requests accepted 3 months in advance
- SGSS Service Management & Control interfaces provides the following functionality to the customer:
 - User and TDRS Vector Management and Control
 - Service Management
 - Service Monitor and Control
 - Service Accounting

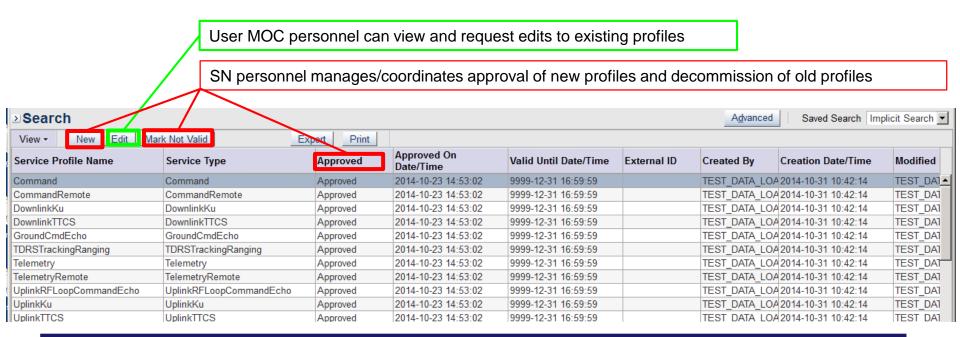


Service Profile (SSC equivalent)





- Service Specification Code (SSC) ID provides method to map service request to pre-defined service parameters in the NCCDS (e.g., transmit frequency, data rate, channel configuration, user interface channel).
 - Provides space –to-space, space-to-ground, and ground -to-ground processing attributes.
- Similarly, in SGSS a Service Profile Name will be used to map service request to pre-defined service parameters in Service Management (SM).
 - Will contain two parts: Space Communication Profile and Transfer Service Profile.





Profile

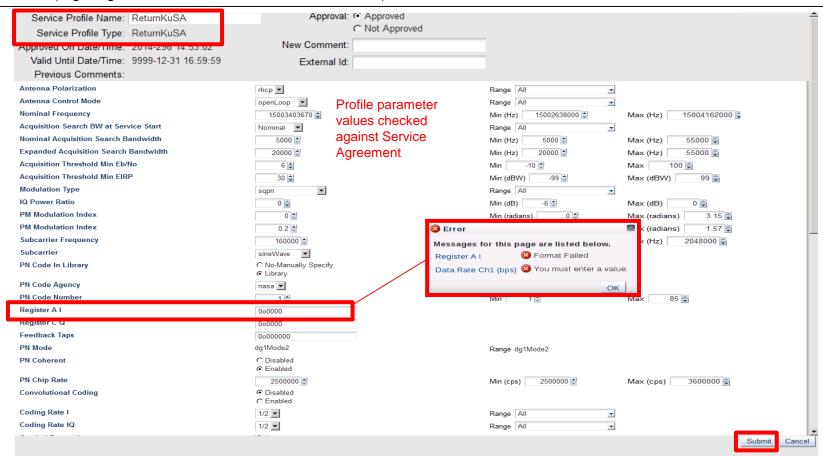
Service Profile Create: Space Link



							•	_	
	Service	-	Planning]╭╮[Schedule	$\neg \sim 1$	Operational Schedule][Service
	Profile	7	Aids] \-[Request	ער	(events)] -~ [Execution
	*								
1	Space Link	_{_[Transfer	1					

 Space Communication Profile will be similar to SSC parameters but include additional service attributes new to SGSS (e.g., higher data rates, additional modulations)

Profile



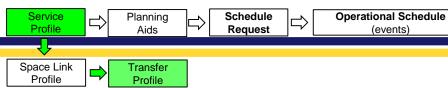


Service Profile Create: Forward Transfer

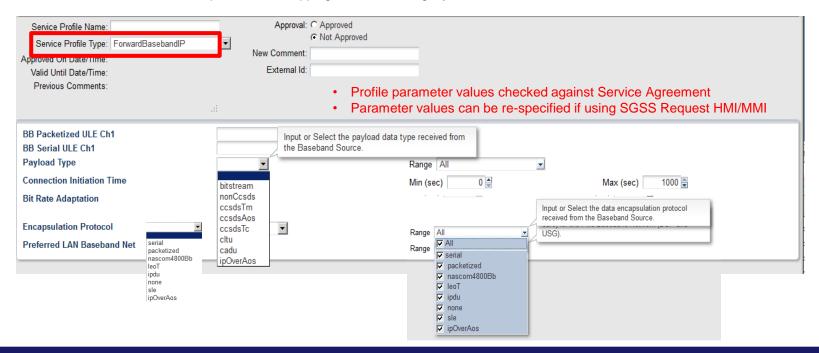


Service

Execution



- Today, ground-to-ground is limited to identification of serial local interface port or destination to NISN device
- Transfer Service Profile will contain not just ground data distribution parameters but also contain ground processing configurations similar to what is currently being supported by Customer's ULE (e.g., encapsulation, frame processing).
 - Moving over to the new SGSS interface will allow MOCs to specify and reconfigure in the request the data transfer over the new SGSS interfaces
 - Remaining with the legacy scheduling interface will allow MOCs to "reference" a pre-defined transfer configuration for the new SGSS data interface based on a pre-defined mapping between the legacy SSC and the SGSS Service Transfer Profile.





Service Profile Create: Return Transfer



Mesa account of the state of th	Service Planning Aids	Schedule Request Operational Schedul	Service Execution
			
	Space Link Profile Transfer Profile		
Service Profile Name: Service Profile Type: ReturnBasebandIP Approved On Date/Time: Valid Until Date/Time: Previous Comments:	Approval: C Approve Not Approve New Comment: External Id:	Profile parameter values checked	against Service Agreement fied if using SGSS Request HMI/MMI
Data Rate Ch1	100	Min (bps) 100 🖶	Max (bps) 1500000000 🖨
Max Data Rate Ch1	100	Min (bps) 100	Max (bps) 1500000000 €
Data Rate Ch2	100	Min (bps) 100 🖨	Max (bps) 1500000000 🕏
Max Data Rate Ch2	100	Min (bps) 100 🖨	Max (bps) 1500000000 🛊
Preferred LAN Baseband Net	▼	Range All	
Encapsulation Protocol Type Ch1	v	Range All	
Encapsulation Protocol Type Ch1	•	Range All	
Dual Source Ch1	⊙ Disabled○ Enabled		
Slew Rate Limit Ch1	3800 🖨	Min 3800 🖨	Max 65535 €
Fast Acquisition Output Ch1	Not inhibit Inhibit		
Encapsulation Protocol Type Ch2	•	Range All	
Slew Rate Limit Ch2	3800 🖨	Min 3800 🖨	Max 65535 🖶
Fast Acquisition Output Inhibit Ch2	Not inhibit Inhibit		
Connection Initiation Time	0	Min (sec) 0	Max (sec) 1000 €
BB Packetized ULE Ch1	_		
BB Serial ULE Ch1 BB Serial ULE Ch1 Dualsink			
BB Packetized ULE Ch2	<u></u>		
BB Serial ULE Ch2			
			Submit Cancel
		II 7 SIIA LINA	16.7 KBQ

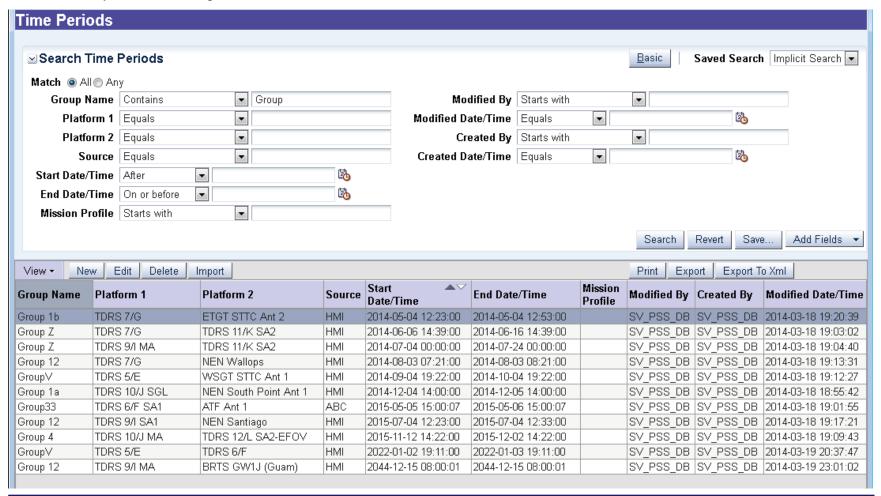


Planning Aids: Time Period Query



Service Profile Planning Schedule Service Request (events) Service Execution		_		_					
7 lide (Creme)	Service Profile	\Rightarrow	Planning Aids	ightharpoons	Schedule Request	\Rightarrow	Operational Schedule (events)	$] \Rightarrow$	Service Execution

• SGSS HMI allows the user to query view period products available in the system for their mission or any other mission as allowed by the service agreements.

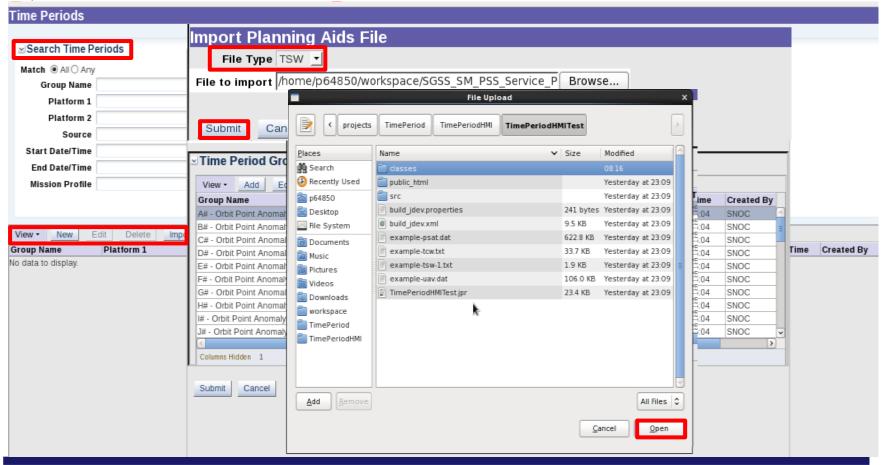




Planning Aids: Time Period Import



- SGSS HMI allows the definition and import of planning aids, such as TSW, that can be referenced in service request in place of absolute service times
- Alternatively, Users can submit vector data via the SGSS HMI and SGSS will generate time view periods from user platforms to TDRS

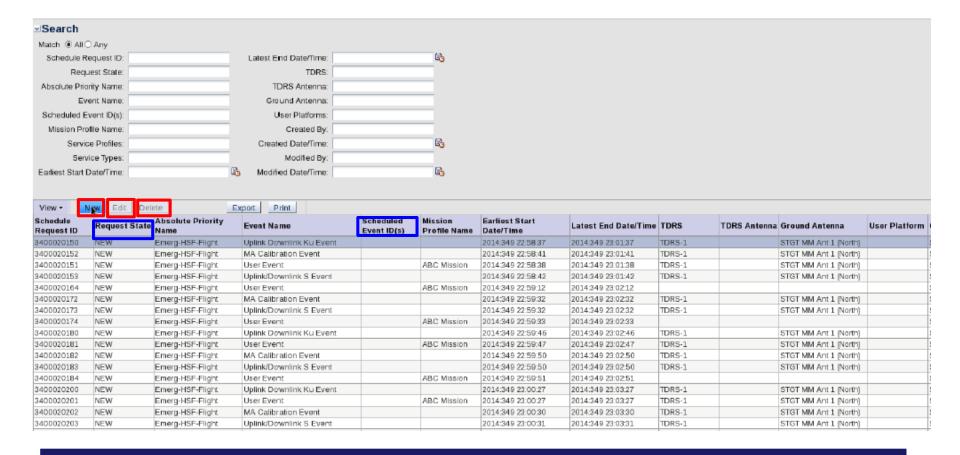




Schedule Request



- Service Profile Planning Aids Schedule Profile Planning Aids Planning Aids Planning Planning
- SGSS HMI accepts requests up to 3 months in advance of the requested service start
- SGSS HMI allows users to guery for request in the system based on a user specified filter criteria
- SGSS HMI allows users to create, edit and delete schedule requests.





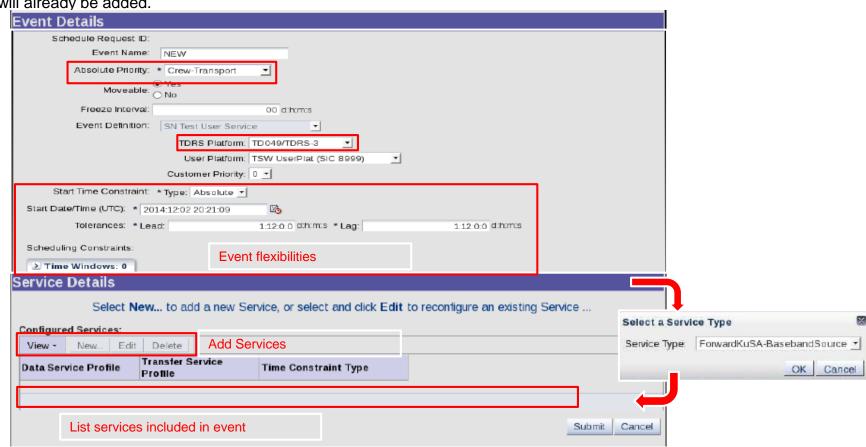
Schedule Request Create: Select Event Type

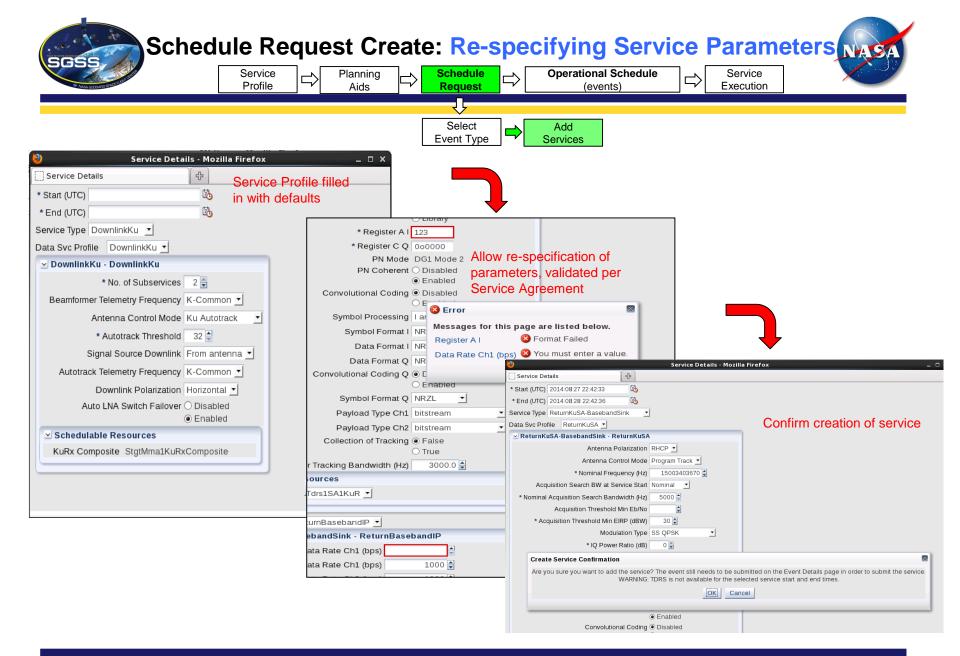


Service Execution

Service Profile	Planning Aids	Schedule Request	\Rightarrow	Operationa (eve	Il Schedule ents)
		1			
		Select Event Type	\Rightarrow	Add Services	

- Creating a schedule request requires the MOC to select an event type or a predefined event template
- Next, MOC adds the necessary services to the event, or if a template is selected then services from the template will already be added.



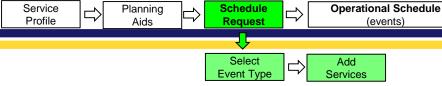




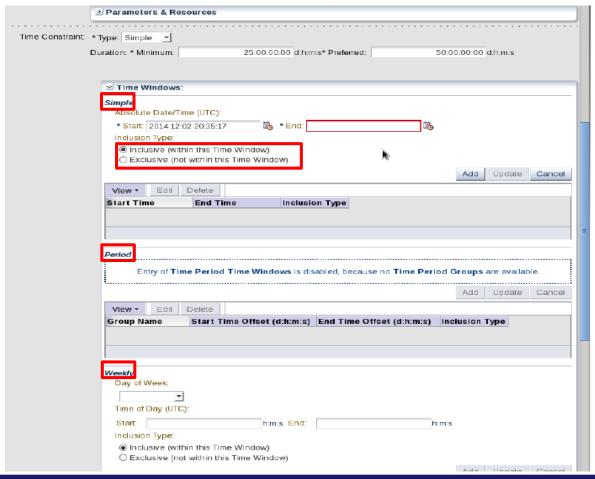
Schedule Request Create: Event and Service Flexibiling

Service

Execution



Various flexibilities to specify desire service time or recurring times



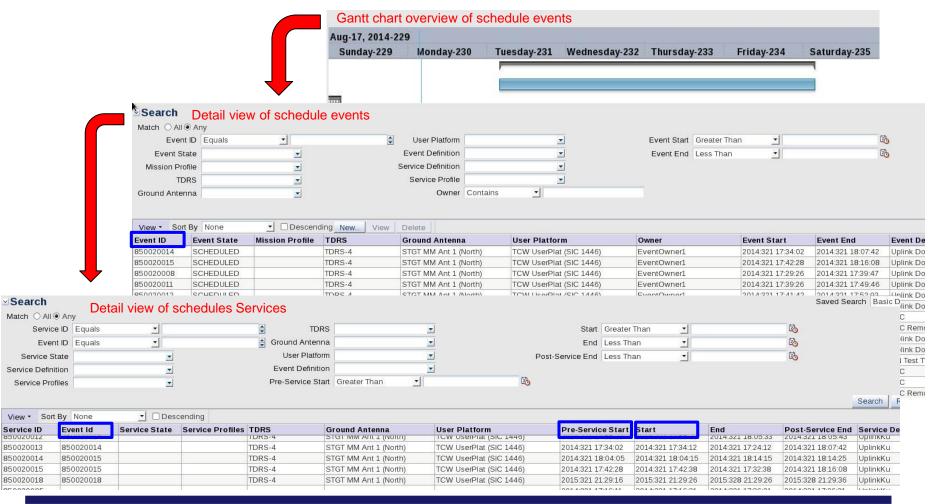


Operational Schedule: List of Events



	-					
Service Profile	ightharpoons	Planning Aids	Schedule Request	\Rightarrow	Operational Schedule (events)	Service Execution

Operational schedule will display events relevant to each mission. E.g. ISS can view their scheduled events as well
as those of a visiting vehicle.



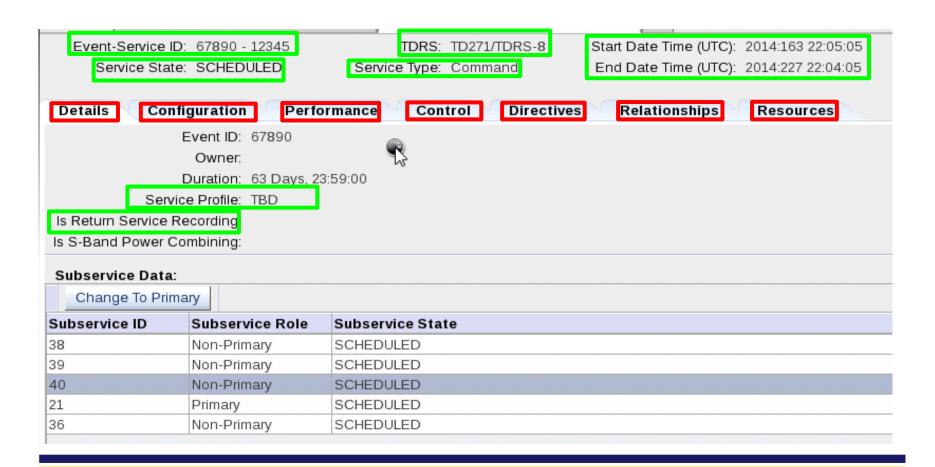


Service Execution



Service Profile Aids Schedule Request (events) Service Execution	_					
7.000		Planning Aids	Schedule Request	Operational Schedule (events)	$] \Rightarrow$	Service Execution

- SGSS Service Execution HMI provides access to all real-time monitoring and control information/functions
- HMI references Operational schedule event ID and service profile
- Multiple tabs allow for quick access to performance, control requests, resources, relationships to other services, etc.





Service Execution: Performance Status

Operational Schedule

(events)



Control

Service

Execution

Service

Performance

Each service type has service performance data displayed in functional groups.

Planning

Aids

Status update configured be each mission but immediate update request available for the HMI for latest status

Schedule

Request

Primary and redundant service performance status are available

Service

Profile





Service Execution: Service Control



Control

Performance

	_			 		
Service Profile		Planning Aids	Schedule Request	Operational Schedule (events)	Service Execution	
					4,5	
					Service	Service

- HMI provides access to Control Directives to change configuration of the service
- Once the services are in the operational schedule Control requests can be scheduled to occur at some user specified time during the service
- Once the services are executing Control Requests can be scheduled to occur immediately or at some user specified time during the service







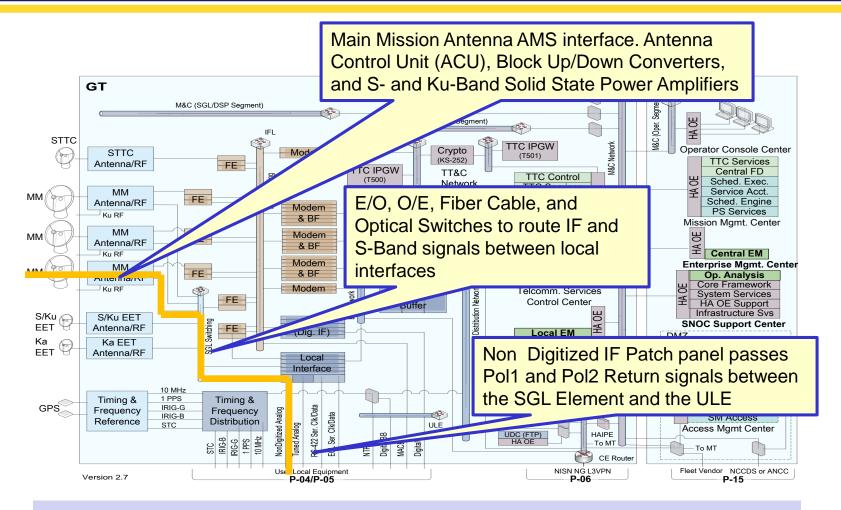
Backup

(For User Data Transport)



Non Digitized Analog IF



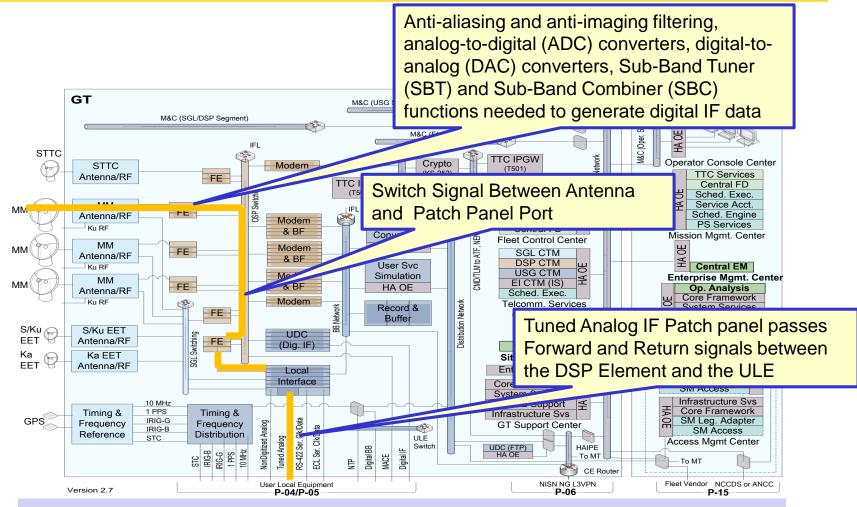


SGSS Preserves Legacy Non-Digitized Analog IF Capabilities.



Tuned Analog IF



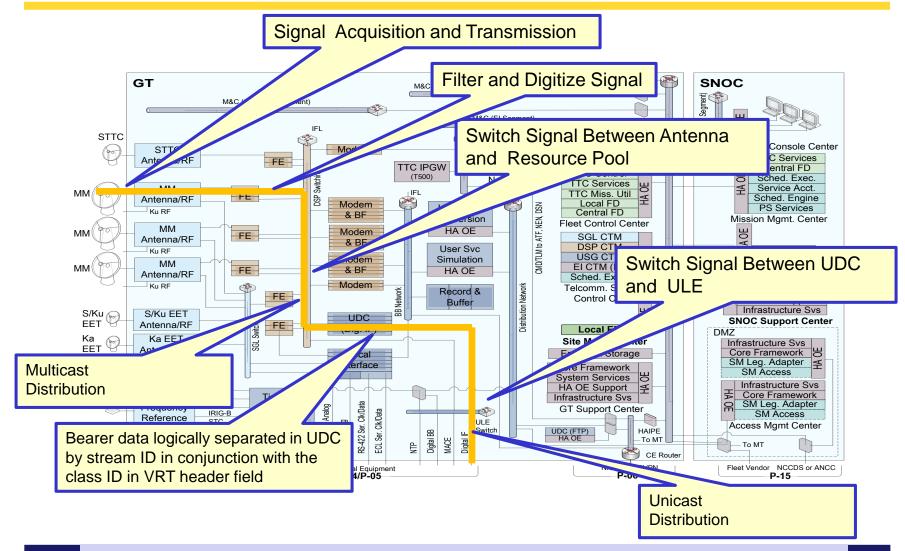


SGSS Preserves Legacy Analog IF Capabilities.



Digital IF

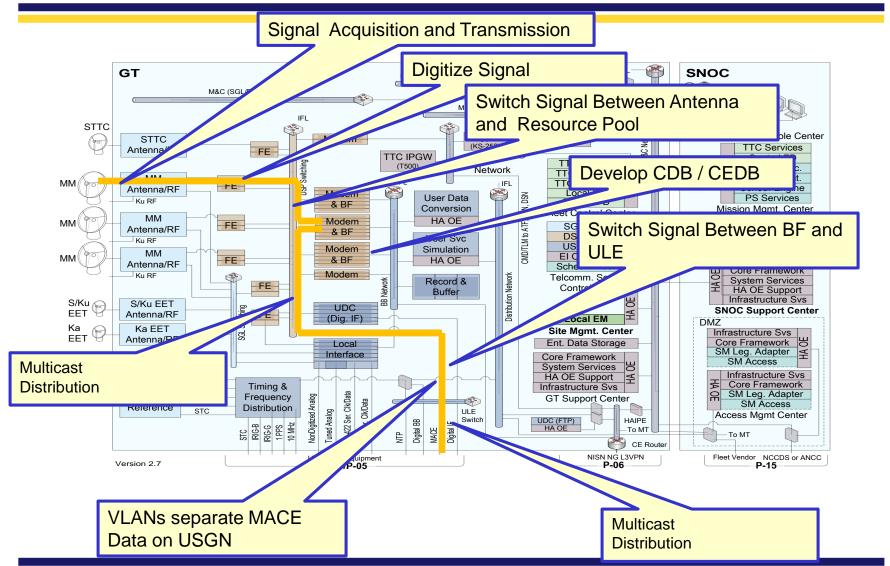






MACE

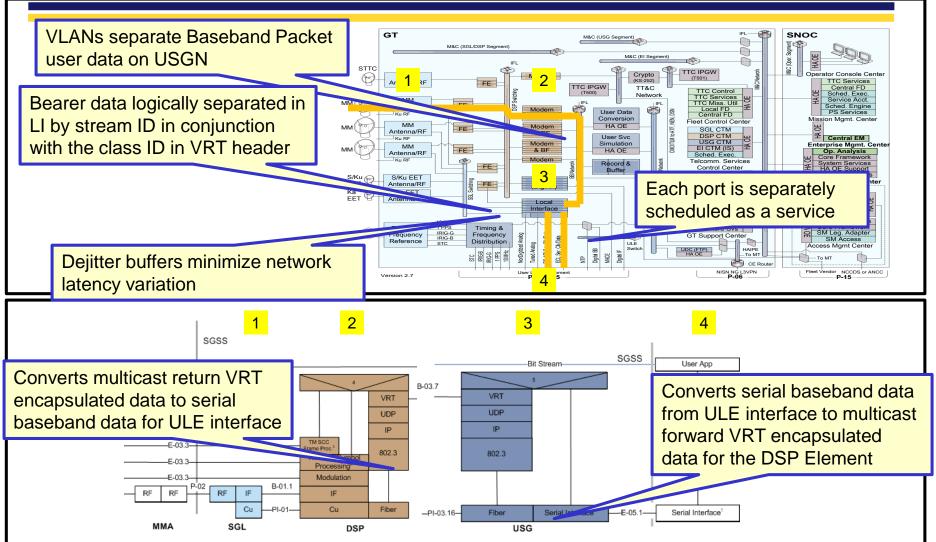






Serial Baseband ULE

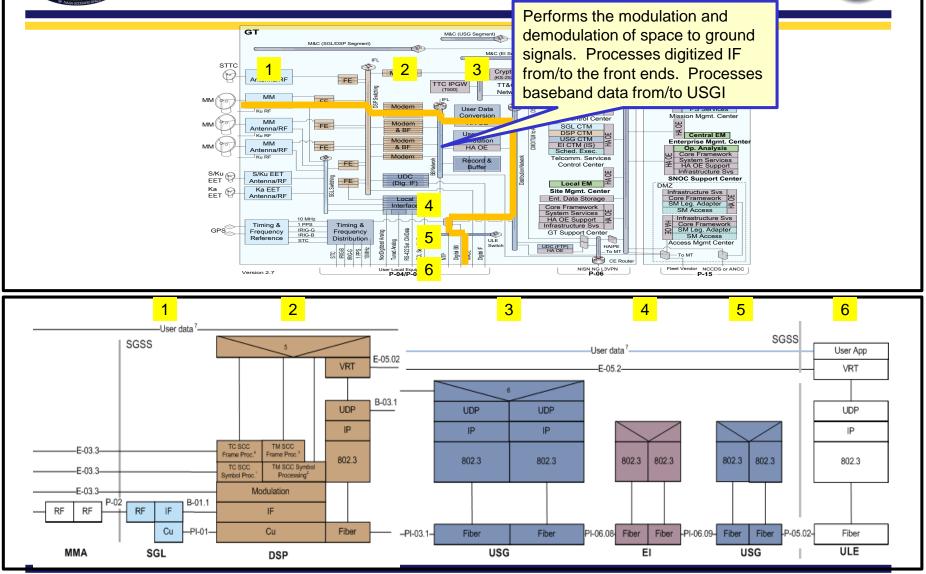






Packet Baseband ULE

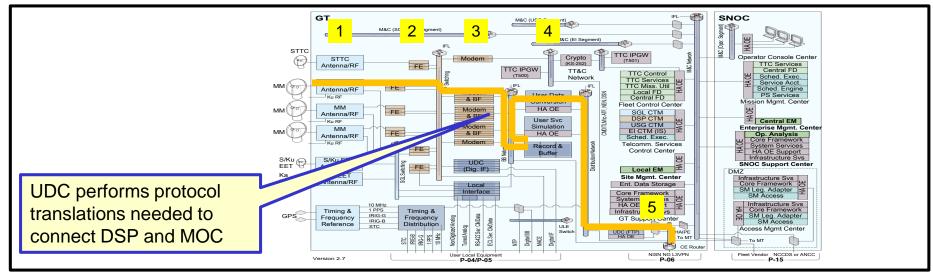


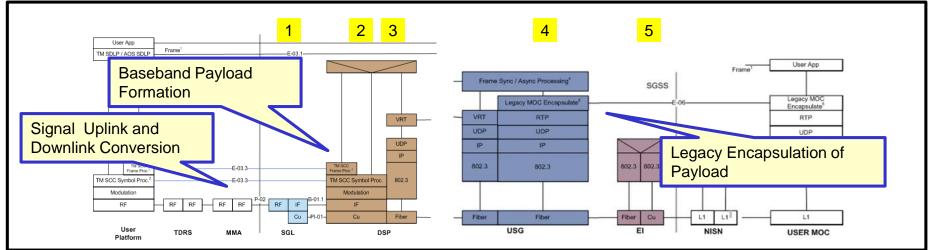




Legacy User MOC



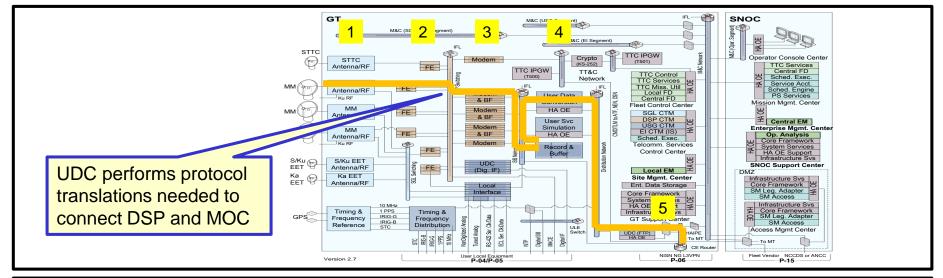


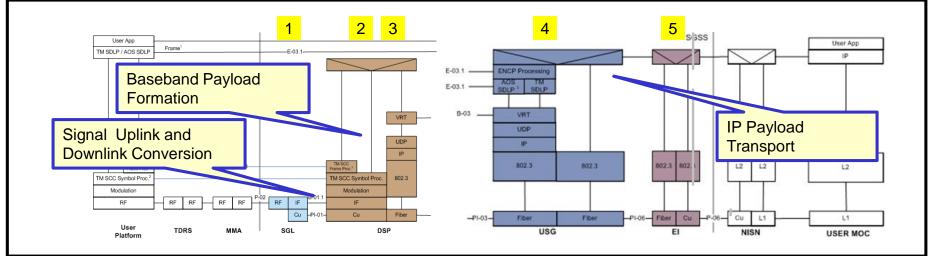




IP-over-CCSDS User MOC











Backup

(For Early Testing)

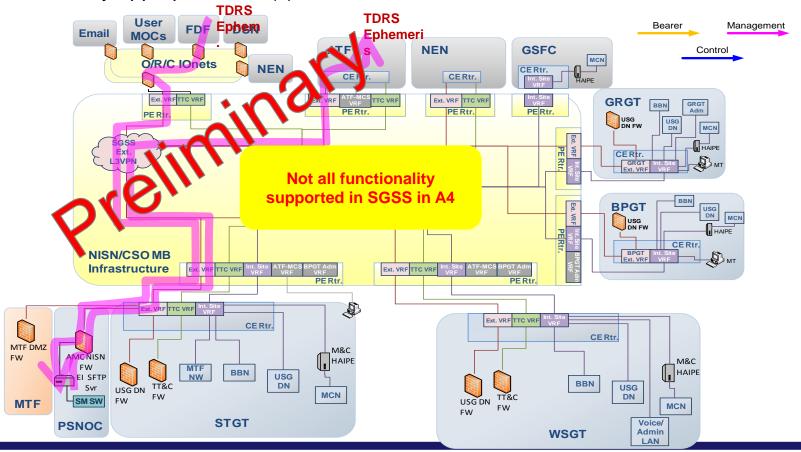


Sample Data (SGSS-Internal Data Flow)



FDF Example

 GD re-using diagrams from other test activities. Diagrams + description will identify appropriate flow(s)



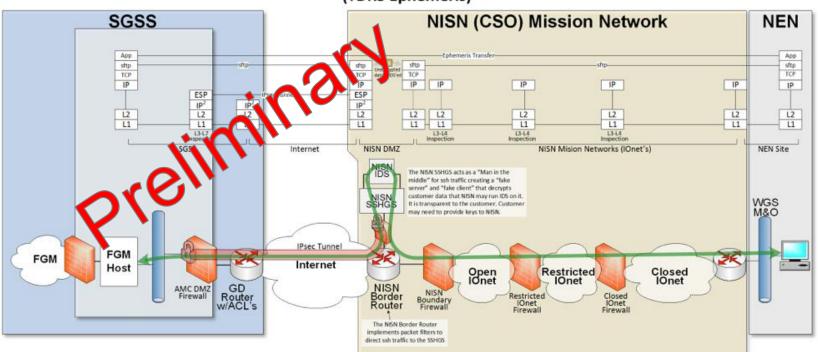


Sample Data (NASA Data Flow)



NEN

SFTP from SGSS FGM to NEN (TDRS Ephemeris)





Sample Data (Routing Information)



- Subset of FDF, NEN, DSN
- Used to develop FW rules

ID	Service Name or Type FW/RN	Label	Endpoint	SGSS SIAT ID / Allas-ID	Port	Remote Endpoint	SNAPe ID(s)	Port	QoS PHB	Transport Protocols	Initiates Link	Direction	VRF
E-01.1-F0F-01	ERV, Maneuver Messages / Acks	E-01.1		best-f5lb00010002-dman- https-pes-vs	443	FDF	FDF-Szewart	(ephemeral)	AF31	HTTPS	FDF-Stewart and SGSS	bi-directional	Ext
E-01.1-FDF-02	TDRS Ephemeris	E-01.1	SM	test-f5/b00010002-dman- afta-vs	77	FDF	FDF-Stewart	(ephemeral	DF	SFTP	FDF-Stewart and SGSS	bi-directional	Ext
E-07.2 -NEN-01	TDM (UTDF)	E-07.2	UCTM (via ELSFTP)	test-f5/b0007 can- ftp-vs	20	NEN	NEN-WGS-001	20	N/A - To SGSS Only	ETP	NEN	Return	Ext
E-07.2-NEN-02	TDM (UTDF)	E-07.2	UCTM (Via El \$207)	out-652 1/220 - xan- 15-48	22	NEN	NEN-WGS-001	22	N/A - To SGSS Only	SFTP	NEN	Return	Ext
E-07.3-NEN-01	TDRS Ephemeris	2073		test28286-amclinux	(ephemeral)	NEN	NEN-WGS-001	20	DF	FTP (Manual)	SM	Return	Ext
E-07.3-NEN-02	TDRS Ephemeris)	SM	test28286-amclinux	(ephemeral)	NEN	NEN-WGS-001	22	DF	SFTP (Manual)	SM	Return	Ext
E-10.3-05N	TDM (TRE2-34 Format)	E-10.2	UCTM (via El SFTP)	test-55500010002-dmzn- aftp-vs	22	DSN	DSN-Subnet03	22	N/A - To SGSS Only	SFTP	DSN-Subnet01	Return	Ext
E-10.3-06N	TDRS Ephemeris (SPICE, SPK Transfer File Format, Manual Interface)	E-10.3 (Manual Interface)	SM	test28286-amclinux	(ephemeral)	DSN	DSN-Subnet01	22	DF	TCP	SM	Return	Ext